

**Minutes of the:
held in:
on:**

**Ecma TC39-TG1
Phone Conference
24th February 2006**

Attendees

- Brendan Eich, Mozilla Foundation
- Dave Herman, Northeastern
- Graydon Hoare, Mozilla Foundation
- Rok Yu, Microsoft
- Ed Smith, Adobe Systems

Agenda

- Introductions, Maciej?
- Go through [proposals](#). Make sure each proposal has an owner.
- Split proposals out as necessary, e.g. syntax invented for [builtin classes](#).
- Review [recent changes](#) on the wiki.

Notes

- Brendan to collect small fixes to Edition 3 under [clarification issues](#).
- Dave wonders whether we are going to defer blame and better exception annotation to [contracts](#). Need a proposal that is not deferred.
- This leads to: want a fresh proposal for static vs. dynamic modes. Graydon added.
- [Unicode issues](#), non-BMP code points being indexed and counted. Contentious.
 - rok points out that concatenating invalid surrogate pairs doesn't throw now, would throw in proposal.
- [Catch-alls](#) look ok, but should be possible only on `dynamic` classes. Ed observes that subclass members override wildcards. Wildcard should apply only when the name lookup would otherwise fail.
- [Decimal](#) – IEEE754r looking up! Still fighty. We can do a sane decimal in any event, but need to stare down operators.
- [hashcodes](#) – want a global `hashcode` function, deferring value indexing.
 - rok points out that E4X and [catchalls](#) both allow property names to be non-string values.
 - We don't want just one `Hash` or `Dictionary` class. More motivation for [type parameters](#).
- [Block expressions](#)
 - Can these be translated to the core language without `let`? No (consider looping over a `let`-block).
- Standard library issues
 - [Debug helpers](#), specifically a way to get a stack trace for the exception's construction site.
 - Dave points out that TCO and other optimizations motivate not overspecifying the content of the trace.
 - Ed points out that throw-site stack trace is also sometimes useful. Sometimes want both construct and throw sites, throw and re-throw, general logging of stacks, etc. This leads to:

- Graydon and a bunch of us want general reflection of the stack. Errors thrown by the runtime would compute this.
 - [Date and time](#) issues:
 - Locale can-of-worms.
 - Property-based beats method-based year, month, etc. access.
 - Resolution, etc.
 - [String formatting](#) choices:
 - Leave out, defer to the emergent standard library ecology? Then lose type system tie-in opportunities.
 - .NET vs. MSCOM vs. Java vs. others leaves no single obvious choice of what to imitate.
 - OCaml, other precedents? Roll-our-own function-combinatorial typed formatting? Too inconvenient.
 - Ed points out that strings imply localization, more worms.
- Foundational issues
 - [drop traits](#) still sounds good, but:
 - Ed points out that `[[Prototype]]` (Edition 3), aka `__proto__`, is of type `Object`.
 - Vtables? Horrors. Ed to write as addendum to [drop traits](#).
 - [is as to](#) is ok, but nullability issues remain.
 - AS3 has nullable `Object` and `String`, non-nullable `Boolean`, `Number`, and `String`.
 - C# nullability motivated by database integration. Might be relevant motivation for ES4.
 - Given nullable-by-definition `Object`, want anti-nullability notation of some sort, to rule out null using the type system (statically if possible).
 - Nullable types are just a (possibly very important, worth special syntax, etc.) special case of [sum types](#).
 - Dave to sweat nullability.
 - [type parameters](#) seems in good shape, gives typed arrays (yay).
 - [meta objects](#)
 - Does it raise type soundness issues? Not really, just the usual `java.lang.reflect` thing: type safety requires downcasts.
 - Ed notices that `java.lang.reflect` adds runtime costs. Graydon: could be optional.
 - Dave: optionality good to reduce costs, increase optimization opportunities when doing without reflection.
 - Reflective MOP should not be in Edition 4 Compact Profile.
 - [builtin classes](#)
 - Invented syntax – how does `prototype` map to Graydon's [drop traits](#) proposal, e.g.?
 - Open issues – need everyone to read and study Ed's proposal. Particular attention to class `Class`.
- Dave to propose TCO (yay!!)
 - [jodyer] sorry i missed the meeting. what is TCO?
 - [dherman] TCO is [Tail Call Optimization](#), whereby evaluation of the last expression in a given context, e.g. the operand of a `return`, should not take extra stack space. Also sometimes known as “proper tail recursion,” though it’s about evaluation of anything in tail position, not just recursive function calls. I sometimes use the name “proper tail calls,” because it suggests a) that it’s not just about recursive calls, and b) that it’s a correctness criterion, not just an optimization.