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| 1               | 2   | (3)   | 4                                       | 5   | (6)   | (7)   |
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| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1) | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB  | Proposed change by the MB   | Editor's Disposition  |
| JP              | 5.1.6   | Paragraph<br>1  | ed                                      | The phrase "string grammars" is not clear. What is the string grammar other than numeric string grammar?  |   | Same as next item.  |
| RU              | 5.1.6   | p.9, par.4,<br>line 1                                 | ed                                      | only "numeric string grammar" term is introduced in the doc, not just "string grammar"  | "and string grammars" should be replaced with "and numeric string grammars"                 | Accepted, see next item   |
| RU              | 5.1.6   | p.9, par.4,   | ed                                      | it looks like other grammars like RegExp or JSON  | "some of the terminal symbols of the  | Accepted as:  |
|                 |   | line 1  |   | grammar (i.e. not just the syntactic one) also use fixed width font for some of the terminal symbols  | syntactic grammar" should be replaced with "some of the terminal symbols of other grammars" | "Terminal symbols of the lexical, RegExp, and numeric string grammars, and some of the terminal symbols of the syntactic other grammar,"      |
| JP              | 5.1.6   | Paragraph<br>5  | ed                                      | The <i>DecimalDigit</i> production uses <b>"one of"</b> which is not defined yet.   | Move the description of " <b>one of</b> " above the production.                             | Accepted  |
| JP              | 5.1.6   | Paragraph<br>10                                       | ed                                      | Some usages of "but not" are confusing, in which phrases following "but not" appear nonterminals while they are neither terminals nor non-terminals. For instance, in Section 7.4:  **MultiLineNotAsteriskChar :: SourceCharacter but not asterisk **  "asterisk" appears to be nonterminal here. | Describe the explanation of the notation.   | Accepted, by removing descriptive words and adding "one of" in bnf productions in clauses 7.4, 7.8.4, 7.8.5, 15.10.1, 15.12.1.1, and Annex A. |
| JP              | 6   | Paragraph<br>1  | ed                                      | "UAX #15: Unicode Normalization Forms" defines Normalization Form C (NFC). (See <a href="http://unicode.org/reports/tr15/">http://unicode.org/reports/tr15/</a> ) The specification refers to it using the different name "Normalised Form C".  | Use "Normalization Form C" for clarification instead of the word "Normalised Form C".       | Accepted  The text is expected to have been normalised to Unicode Normalised Normalization Form C (canonical composition), as described       |
| Ecma            | 6   | Paragraph   | ed                                      | Incorrect word tense  | In last sentence replace the word "convert" with  | Accepted  |

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|                 |   | 1   |   |   | the word "converted"  |  |
| JP              | 6   | Paragraph<br>1  | ed                                      | There is no "Syntax" heading before the <i>SourceCharacter</i> production.  | Add "Syntax" heading.   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 6   | SourceChara cter                                      | te                                      | The treatment of control characters has some ambiguities and implementation incompatibilities. In fact, current implementations do not uniquely treat control characters in SourceCharacter, so has incompatibility problems. JSON definition excludes from U+0000 to U+001F only as control characters. However, we believe that it should exclude more control characters. Moreover, control characters are assumed to be excluded in the followings: PatternCharacter IdentityEscape ClassAtomNoDash | Define SourceCharacter to initially exclude control characters, and add them when necessary.  SourceCharacter::  any Unicode code unit except U+0000 through U+001F but include WhiteSpace and LineTerminator | Rejected  Whether SourceCharacter is defined expansively and individual refinements exclude certain characters or it is defined restrictively and individual refinements add certain characters is simply a difference in editorial approach that has no technical significance.  The current grammar accurately reflects TC39's intent of for this version of ECMAScript and allowances for control characters in various context reflect either explicit decisions for this revision or carry over unchanged from previous editions.  Excluding addition control character would be a new specification change that is more appropriate to consider in the context of a future revision. |
| JP              | 6   | Paragraph 3   | ed                                      | It says "any characters (code unit) may also be expressed as a Unicode escape sequence consisting of six characters, namely \u plus four hexadecimal", but  | It is good to note that a supplementary character can be represented by a surrogate pair, such as   | Rejected This section relates to the   |

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|                 |   |   |   | supplementary characters cannot be represented by a Unicode escape sequence.   | \uxxxx\uxxxx.  | definition of the SourceCharacter grammar production. While two consecutive escape sequence can be used to encode a surrogate pair, such a pair would still be consider two distinct SourceCharacters. |
| Ecma            | 7.1   | Table 1   | te, ed                                  | The code unit value for <zwj> is incorrectly stated.</zwj>   | In the first column of the second non-heading row replace "\u200C" with "\u200D"   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 7.4   | Grammar productions                                   | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |  | Change productions as:  MultiLineNotAsteriskChar :: SourceCharacter but not asterisk *  MultiLineNotForwardSlash OrAsteriskChar :: SourceCharacter but not one of forward- slash / or asterisk *       |
| Ecma            | 7.6   | Grammar productions                                   | ed                                      | Grammar rules for UnicodeLetter, UnicodeCombiningMark, UnicodeDigit, UnicodeConnectorPunctuation, and UnicodeEscapeSequence are missing "::" | Insert:: immediately after the names UnicodeLetter, UnicodeCombiningMark, UnicodeDigit, UnicodeConnectorPunctuation, and UnicodeEscapeSequence in the last 5 grammar rules in this section. Format consistently with the use of :: in other grammar rules in this section. | Accepted   |
| JP              | 7.6   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The following five productions don't have colons:  UnicodeLetter  UnicodeCombiningMark  UnicodeDigit  UnicodeConnectorPunctuation            | Add colons appropriately.  | Duplicate of above   |

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|                 |   |   |   | UnicodeEscapeSequence   |   |  |
| JP              | 7.6   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The production for UnicodeEscapeSequence defined in 7.6 is not listed in Annex A.   |   | This is a forward reference and should be handled similarly to the forward references at the end of the Syntax section of 7.8.4.  Remove grammar production for UnicodeEscapeSequence from this section and replace it with paragraph:  The definition of the nonterminal UnicodeEscapeSequence is given in 7.8.4. |
| JP              | 7.8.3   | Syntax  | te                                      | For the production "DecimalIntegerLiteral :: NonZeroDigit DecimalDigitsopt", only the semantics for "the MV of DecimalIntegerLiteral :: NonZeroDigit DecimalDigits" (without opt) is given. | Define the semantics for "the MV of DecimalIntegerLiteral :: NonZeroDigit". | Accepted, add:  • The MV of DecimalIntegerLiteral:: 0 is 0.  • The MV of DecimalIntegerLiteral:: NonZeroDigit is the MV of NonZeroDigit.   |
| JP              | 7.8.3<br>9.3.1  | Syntax  | ed                                      | The following nonterminals are multiply defined in 7.8.3 and 9.3.1:  DecimalDigit DecimalDigits ExponentPart  | They should be shared.  | Rejected  Because these nonterminal are parts of two distinct grammars (as indicated by the number of colons in their  |

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|                 |   |   |   | ExponentIndicator SignedInteger HexIntegerLiteral HexDigit  They are identical except that 7.8.3 uses double colon (::) and 9.3.1 uses triple colon (:::). |                           | definitions) they need separate definitions for each grammar.  This issue may be worth revisiting in a future revision but the usage of the multiple grammars in too pervasive to address in this edition with a simple editoral tweak.  |
| JP              | 7.8.4   | Grammar productions                                   | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |                           | Change productions as:  DoubleStringCharacter ::  SourceCharacter but  not one of double- quote " or backslash \ or LineTerminator \ EscapeSequence LineContinuation  SingleStringCharacter ::  SourceCharacter but not one of single- quote ' or backslash \ or LineTerminator \ EscapeSequence LineContinuation  NonEscapeCharacter ::  SourceCharacter but not one of EscapeCharacter or LineTerminator |

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|                 |   |   |   |  |                           | Make corresponding changes to CV semantic definitions::   |
|                 |   |   |   |  |                           | • The CV of DoubleStringCharacter:: SourceCharacter but not one of double quote " or backslash \ or LineTerminator is the SourceCharacter character itself. |
|                 |   |   |   |  |                           | • The CV of SingleStringCharacter:: SourceCharacter but not one of single quote ' or backslash \ or LineTerminator is the SourceCharacter character itself. |
|                 |   |   |   |  |                           | • The CV of NonEscapeCharacter: SourceCharacter but not one of EscapeCharacter or LineTerminator is the SourceCharacter character itself.                   |

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| Ecma            | 7.8.4   | First<br>sentence of<br>paragraph<br>immediately<br>following<br>grammar<br>productions | ed                                      | "definitions" should be singular, incorrect subclause referenced.  | Sentence should be: The definition of the nonterminal <i>HexDigit</i> is given in 7.8.3. | Accepted  |
| JP              | 7.8.4   | Semantics   | te                                      | No semantics is defined for "the SV of DoubleStringCharacters :: LineContinuation" and "the SV of SingleEscapeCharacter :: LineContinuation". Defining a rule in NOTE is not acceptable. | Define them.   | Accepted with modification. It is really the CVs that need to be defined:  • The CV of DoubleStringCharacter::\ EscapeSequence is the CV of the EscapeSequence.  • The CV of DoubleStringCharacter:: LineContinuation is the empty character sequence.   • The CV of SingleStringCharacter::\ EscapeSequence is the CV of the EscapeSequence is the CV of the EscapeSequence.  • The CV of SingleStringCharacter::: LineContinuation is the empty character sequence. |

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| JP              | 7.8.5   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The production rule of <i>RegularExpressionBackslashSequence</i> is different between 7.8.5 and Annex A. The production ends with <i>RegularExpressionNonTerminator</i> in 7.8.5, but <i>NonTerminator</i> in Annex A. | NonTerminator should be<br>RegularExpressionNonTerminator | Duplicate of an accepted item listed for Annex A.   |
| JP              | 7.8.5   | Grammar productions                                   | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |   | (add missing "one of" in three productions)  RegularExpressionFirstChar::  RegularExpressionNo nTerminator but not one of * or \ or [ RegularExpressionBa ckslashSequence RegularExpressionCl ass  RegularExpressionChar:: RegularExpressionNo nTerminator but not one of \ or / or [ RegularExpressionBa ckslashSequence RegularExpressionBa ckslashSequence RegularExpressionCl ass  RegularExpressionClassChar::  RegularExpressionClassChar:: RegularExpressionNo nTerminator but not one of ] or \ |

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|                 |   |   |   |  |                           | RegularExpressionBa<br>ckslashSequence  |
| JP              | 7.9.1   | Syntax  | te                                      | The rule of automatic semicolon insertion doesn't reflect the behaviours of major ECMAScript implementations well.  For example, JScript, SpiderMonkey and Chrome v8                                     |                           | Accepted. In 12.8 Change grammar to   |
|                 |   |   |   | <pre>accept the following code:     while (1) if (1) break     ;else;</pre>  |                           | BreakStatement: break; break [no LineTerminator here] Identifier;   |
|                 |   |   |   | But the specification doesn't permit it.  BreakStatement is defined as follows:  BreakStatement:  break [no LineTerminator here] Identifieropt;  This is the same as follows:                            |                           | In 12.7 change grammar to  ContinueStatement: continue; continue [no LineTerminator here] Identifier;                 |
|                 |   |   |   | BreakStatement:  break [no LineTerminator here]; break [no LineTerminator here] Identifier;  The first semicolon in the above code is a restricted token which is separated from the previous token by a |                           | In 12.9 change grammer to  ReturnStatement:  return;  return [no  LineTerminator here] Identifier;                    |
|                 |   |   |   | LineTerminator. So a semicolon is inserted as follows:  while(1) if(1) break;;else;  But this causes a syntax error.   |                           | Also change the sentence "The production ReturnStatement: return [no LineTerminator here] Expressionopt; is evaluated |
|                 |   |   |   | Note that the inserted semicolon is parsed as a part of  |                           | as:" to "A ReturnStatement is   |

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|                 |   |   |   | the break statement. So the rule "a semicolon is never inserted automatically if the semicolon would then be parsed as an empty statement" is not applicable.   |   | evaluated as follows:"  Make same changes in A.4                             |
|                 |   |   |   | Note also that REPL (read eval print loop) of ECMAScript implementations such as JavaScript console doesn't accept the code. This is inconsistent.  It is desirable that consideration for REPL is described. |   | Also remove the opt in continue, break, and return productions in NOTE 7.9.1 |
| Ecma            | 7.9.1   | Grammar productions in NOTE                           | ed                                      | In grammar rule for ThrowStatement, the word "throw" should not be italic   | Corrected rule:  ThrowStatement: throw [no LineTerminator here] Expression; | Accepted, also the font needs to be Courier New                              |
| JP              | 7.9.1   | Note  | ed                                      | "throw" in the production "ThrowStatement: throw [no LineTerminator here] Expression," is in Italic.  | Change the typeface of the word to fixed width font.                        | Duplicated of previous item.   |
| Ecma            | 7.9.1   | Last sentence of note                                 | ed                                      | Grammar, "A" should be "An"   | An <i>Identifier</i> in a <b>break</b> or <b>continue</b> statement should  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 7.9.1   | Paragraph   | ed                                      | The text after "The practical effect of these restricted productions is as follows:" should be indented or itemized.  |   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 7.9.1   | Paragraph   | ed                                      | The text after "The resulting practical advice to ECMAScript programmers is:" should be indented or itemized.   |   | Accepted   |
| RU              | 8.6.2   | p.33, par.3<br>from<br>bottom,<br>line 1              | ed                                      | Mistype   | superfluous "is" should be removed  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 8.7.1   | Semantics   | ed                                      | The dot notation is used as $desc.[[Value]]$ in the step 4 of [[Get]] internal method. But the notation is not defined  |   | Accepted. Added reference to 8.10 in   |

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|                 |   |   |   | before that.<br>Note that the notation is defined for Property Descriptor in 8.10.   |  | step 4. Also to step 6a of [[Put]] algorithm in 8.7.2 |
| JP              | 8.9   | Paragraph<br>1  | ed                                      | The Completion type is defined as triples, that is, records in which each member is identified by its position. However, members of the type are retrieved by names, instead of positions, e.g. <i>s</i> .target in the last step of 12.1. | Describe that each member of the Completion type is accessed by its name and define the notation to do that.   | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 8.12.3  | Algorithm<br>step<br>number                           | ed                                      | The number of the steps of the algorithm unintentionally are numbered starting at 8 rather than 1.   | Renumber steps 8 through 13 as steps 1 through 6   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 9.3.1   | Syntax  | ed                                      | There is no "Syntax" heading before the<br>StringNumericLiteral production.  |  | Accepted Insert heading                               |
| Ecma            | 9.8.1   | Step 10 of algorithm                                  | ed                                      | Incorrect font and emphasis usage.   | Revisions in red:  10. Return the String consisting of the most significant digit of the decimal representation of s, followed by a decimal point '.', followed by the remaining k-1 digits of the decimal representation of s, followed by the lowercase character 'e', followed by a plus sign '+' or minus sign '-' according to whether n-1 is positive or negative, followed by the decimal representation of the integer abs(n-1) (with no leading zeros). | Accepted  |
| JP              | 9.8.1   | Semantics   | ed                                      | The font of "e", "+" and "-" in "lowercase character `e', followed by a plus sign `+' or minus sign `-'" in step 10 should be bold face. (In step 9, "e" is in bold face correctly.)   |  | Duplicate of previous item                            |

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| Ecma            | 10.2.1.1.1  | Algorithm step 3                                      | ed                                      | Missing period at end of sentence.   | If it does not have such a binding, return <b>false</b> .  | Accepted   |
| RU              | 10.2.1.1.[2-<br>4,7,8],<br>10.2.1.2.2                   | various   | te                                      | assert behavior is not explained clearly - what should happen, if it fails: an exception, work termination, undefined result?  | better explain assert bahavior   | Accepted, the following paragraph is added to 5.2 Algorithm Conventions immediate before the paragraph that begins "Mathematical operations":  A step may assert an invariant condition of its algorithm. Such assertions are used to make explicit algorithmic invariants that would otherwise be implicit. Such assertions add no additional semantic requirements and hence need not be checked by an implementation. They are used simply to clarify algorithms. |
| JP              | 10.2.1.1.2  | Semantics   | te                                      | Step 2 uses "Assert:" notation but it is not defined.  | Explain the notation somewhere else.   | Duplicate of previous item   |
| Ecma            | 10.2.1.1.3  | First<br>paragraph<br>and step 4<br>of algorithm      | te                                      | The last two sentences and step 4 are incorrect and do not reflect actual practice by current implementations. The semantic change from existing practice was unintended | Revise paragraph as shown in red:  The concrete Environment Record method SetMutableBinding for declarative environment records attempts to change the bound value of the current binding of the identifier whose name is the value of the argument <i>N</i> to the value of argument <i>V</i> . A binding for <i>N</i> must already exist. If the | Accepted   |

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|                 | 40.04.00  | Alexaidle   |   |  | binding is an immutable binding, a TypeError is always thrown if S is true. The S argument is ignored because strict mode does not change the meaning of setting bindings in declarative environment records.  Insert red text into algorithm step 4:  4. Else this must be an attempt to change the value of an immutable binding so if S is true throw a TypeError exception. |                            |
| Ecma            | 10.2.1.2.2  | Algorithm<br>step 5                                   | te                                      | Using false as the throw parameter to [[DefineOwnProperty]] could result in a silent error in strict mode if the global object is not extensible.  | Replace false, with true as shown below:  5. Call the [[DefineOwnProperty]] internal method of bindings, passing N, Property Descriptor {[[Value]]:undefined, [[Writable]]: true, [[Enumerable]]: true, [[Configurable]]: configValue}, and true false as arguments.  | Accepted                   |
| RU              | 10.2.2.3  | p.56, sect.<br>10.2.2.3,<br>line 1                    | ed                                      | Mistype  | insert whitespace between "NewObjectEnvironment" and "is"   | Accepted                   |
| JP              | 10.2.2.3  | Paragraph   | ed                                      | Misspelling: "NewObjectEnvironmentis" in "operation NewObjectEnvironmentis called"   | "NewObjectEnvironment is"   | Duplicate of previous item |
| Ecma            | 10.5  | Algorithm step 6                                      | ed                                      | Missing period at end of sentence.   |   | Accepted                   |
| Ecma            | 10.5  | Algorithm<br>step 5.e                                 | te                                      | Step 5.e of original algorithm handled redefining existing global function declarations in a manner that was incompatible with prior editions of this standard and which in some cases would unintentionally invoke accessor | Renumber existing step 5.e as 5.f.  Insert new step 5.e and substeps as follows:  e. Else if <i>env</i> is the environment record   | Accepted                   |

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Date: November 3, 2010

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| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1) | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB   | Proposed change by the MB   | Editor's Disposition                          |
|                 |   |   |   | functions  | component of the global environment then i. Let go be the global object. ii. Let existingProp be the resulting of calling the [[GetProperty]] internal method of go with argument fn. iii. If existingProp .[[Configurable]] is true, then 1. Call the [[DefineOwnProperty]] internal method of go, passing fn, Property Descriptor {[[Value]]: undefined, [[Writable]]: true, [[Enumerable]]: true, [[Configurable]]: configurableBindings }, and true as arguments. iv. Else if IsAccessorDescrptor(existingProp) or existingProp does not have attribute values {[[Writable]]: true, [[Enumerable]]: true}, then 1. Throw a TypeError exception. |   |
| JP              | 11.1.4  | Syntax  | ed                                      | The font of the comma "," in the production for <i>ArrayLiteral</i> is different from the comma in <i>ElementList</i> and <i>Elision</i> .   |   | Accepted  Make it the same as in  ElementList |
| JP              | 11.1.5  | Syntax  | ed                                      | The spacing is inconsistent in the production for <i>PropertyAssignment</i> .  The spacing between ")" and "{" is different between "get" and "set".  The spacing around "(" in "set" is different between 11.1.5 and Annex A.  The spacing around ")" in "set" is different between 11.1.5 and Annex A. |   | Accepted                                      |

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| JP              | 11.1.5  | Semantics   | ed                                      | The font of the comma "," in the production for "PropertyNameAndValueList: PropertyNameAndValueList, PropertyAssignment" is different from the comma in the Syntax.   |   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 11.2  |   | ed                                      | No evaluation rule is defined for "MemberExpression: PrimaryExpression". There are similar problems such as "PostfixExpression: LeftHandSideExpression" in 11.3, "UnaryExpression: PostfixExpression" in 11.4, etc. | Define a general evaluation rule for "LHS: RHS" where RHS consists of a single symbol.                  | Rejected, Differ for a future edition. There are no explicitly stated rules for the association of semantic actions with syntactic productions. While this does not appear to have caused any problems for the interpretation of previous editions of this specification, it probably should be corrected in a future edition. |
| Ecma            | 11.2.3  | Algorithm<br>step 6.b.i                               | ed                                      | Reference to variable "ref" should italic   | Let thisValue be the result of calling the ImplicitThisValue concrete method of GetBase(ref).           | Accepted   |
| RU              | various   | various   | ed                                      | There are 6 occurrences of mistyped "Enviroment Record"   | Find & replace "Environment Record" with "Environment Record"   | Accepted in 11.3.1, 11.3.2, 11.4.4, 11.4.5, 11.13.1, 11.13.2   |
| JP              | 11.5.3  |   | te                                      | The 5th item, "If the dividend is a zero and the divisor is finite, the result is the same as the dividend." is unclear, because finite also includes zero.   | "If the dividend is a zero and the divisor is non-zero finite, the result is the same as the dividend." | Accepted   |
| JP              | 11.5.3  |   | te                                      | The result, r, needs to be rounded to be representable in IEEE 754 but its rule is not defined.   |   | Accepted, added sentence about rounding r similar to what is stated in the last list item of section 11.5.2  |
| JP              | 11.6.2  | Step 7  | ed                                      | The font of "r" in the "rnum" in the step 7 is different from "num".  | Change the font of "rnum" to "rnum".  | Accepted   |

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| JP              | 11.9.3  | NOTE 3  | ed                                      | NOTE 3 is hard to understand because no concrete example is given.   | Add a concrete example such as: new String("a") == "a" and "a" == new String("a") are true, but new String("a") == new String("a") is false.   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 11.12   | Syntax  | te                                      | The RHS of <i>ConditionalExpressionNoIn</i> is different between 11.12 and Annex A.3.  The second operand is <i>AssignmentExpression</i> in 11.2 but <i>AssignmentExpressionNoIn</i> in A.3.                     |  | Accepted The 11.12 definition is correct so A.3 will be corrected |
| JP              | 11.13   |   | ed                                      | "=" should be separated from AssignmentOperator to make the correspondence between the syntax and the semantics clear.  Currently the productions used in 11.13.1 and 11.13.2 are not listed literally in 11.13. | 11.13 Change the productions as follows.  AssignmentExpression: ConditionalExpression LeftHandSideExpression LeftHandSideExpression AssignmentOperator AssignmentExpression  AssignmentExpressionNoIn: ConditionalExpressionNoIn LeftHandSideExpression = AssignmentExpressionNoIn LeftHandSideExpression AssignmentOperator AssignmentExpressionNoIn  LeftHandSideExpression AssignmentOperator AssignmentExpressionNoIn  AssignmentOperator: one of  *= /= %= += -= <<= >>>= &=  11.13.2 Change: The production AssignmentExpression: LeftHandSideExpression @ = AssignmentExpression, where @ represents one of the operators indicated above | Accepted  |

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| JP              | 12  | Semantics   | ed                                      | The return type of evaluation rule for statements is not  | to  The production AssignmentExpression: LeftHandSideExpression AssignmentOperator AssignmentExpression, where AssignmentOperator is @= and @ represents one of the operators indicated above Annex A.3 Change the productions for AssignmentExpression, AssignmentExpressionNoIn and AssignmentOperator as above.  Make reference to the Completion type in 8.9. | Accepted.   |
|                 |   | Somanus   | Gu                                      | clearly defined.  | That will be great help for readers.  | Add sentence as second paragraph:  The result of evaluating a Statement is always a Completion value. |
| JP              | 12.1  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | It is difficult to find out a underlying reason to combine s.type, s.target and s1.value in step 5 of "StatementList: StatementList Statement" of which the reason is considered that {1;;;;}, {1;{}}, {1;var a}, etc. should return 1. | Such additional explanation with concrete examples is preferred.  | Accepted  Add a Note after last algorithm using this examples   |
| Ecma            | 12.5  | 2 <sup>nd</sup> algorithm step 3.                     | ed                                      | The step number is in the wrong font. (should be Times New Roman rather than Arial)   | Change font of "3." To Times New Roman  | Accepted  |
| JP              | 12.6.2  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The typeface of "n" in "Expression" in step 2.a is Roman.   | Change the typeface of the word "Expression" to Italic.   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 12.6.3  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The step 1.b describes "Call GetValue(exprRef). (This value is not used.)". Meaning of the annotation is considered to be similar to the NOTEs in 11.4.2 and 11.14, but the annotation should have additional explanation for           | Add the following: " but the call may have side-<br>effects " to the parenthesized note on step 1.b   | Accepted  |

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|                 |   |   |   | clarification.   |   |                      |
| JP              | 12.6.3  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The typeface of "n" in "Expression" in step 3.a.i is Roman.  | Change the typeface of the word "Expression" to Italic.   | Accepted             |
| JP              | 12.6.3  | Algorithm   | te                                      | The step 3.a.ii for the productions for "IterationStatement: for (ExpressionNoInopt; Expressionopt; Expressionopt) Statement" and "IterationStatement: for ( var VariableDeclarationListNoIn; Expressionopt; Expressionopt) Statement" test the condition by "GetValue(testExprRef) is false". It is inconsistent to evaluation rule for the if statement (12.5) and the while statement (12.6.1). | Change " GetValue(testExprRef)" to "ToBoolean(GetValue(testExprRef))".  | Accepted             |
| Ecma            | 12.6.4  | Final two<br>normative<br>paragraphs<br>immediate<br>before the<br>note | te                                      | Implementers of the specification have found it to be unclear regarding whether shadowed inherited properties are included in a for-in enumeration. The intent for this situation needs to be made more explicit.  | Add as the last sentence of the paragraph beginning "The mechanics and":  A property name must not be visited more than once in any enumeration.  Add as the last sentence of the paragraph beginning "Enumerating the properties":  The values of [[Enumerable]] attributes are not considered when determining if a property of a prototype object is shadowed by a previous object on the prototype chain. | Accepted             |
| Ecma            | 12.10   | Algorithm step 4.   | ed                                      | Missing period at end of sentence.   |   | Accepted             |
| Ecma            | 12.11   | Third algorithm in Semantics subsection, step 3                         | ed                                      | CaseClause and CaseClauses should be italic  | 3. Let <i>B</i> be the list of <i>CaseClause</i> items in the second <i>CaseClauses</i> , in source text order.   | Accepted             |

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| JP              | 12.11   | Algorithm 3   | ed                                      | The typeface of "CaseClause" and "CaseClauses" is not Italic in the step 3 in the evaluation rule of the production "CaseBlock: { CaseClausesopt DefaultClause CaseClausesopt }".   | Change the typeface of the two words to Italic.   | Duplicate   |
| Ecma            | 12.11   | Third algorithm in Semantics subsection, step 5.b.i             | ed                                      | StatementList should be italic  | i. If C has a StatementList, then   | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 12.11   | Third algorithm in Semantics subsection, step 9.b               | ed                                      | StatementList should be italic  | b. If C has a StatementList, then   | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 12.11   | Third<br>algorithm in<br>Semantics<br>subsection,<br>step 9.b.i | ed                                      | StatementList should be italic  | i. Evaluate <i>C</i> 's <i>StatementList</i> and let <i>R</i> be the result.  | Accepted  |
| JP              | 12.13   | Semantics   | ed                                      | The last part of the sentence "The production is evaluated as:" should be "is evaluated as follows:".   |   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 12.14   | Syntax  | ed                                      | In Syntax description, the typeface of "finally" in the production " Finally : finally Block" is Italic.  | Change the typeface of the word to fixed width font.  | Accepted  |
| JP              | 12.14   | Semantics   | te                                      | The result of try block, whose type is the Completion specification type, is visible from user code. It should be internal to this specification.  The production TryStatement: try Block Catch is evaluated as follows:  1. Let B be the result of evaluating Block. 3. Return the result of evaluating Catch with parameter B. And, the production Catch: catch ( Identifier ) Block is | Change "evaluating <i>Catch</i> with parameter <i>B</i> " to "evaluating <i>Catch</i> with parameter <i>B</i> .value" | Accepted, also make the same change in the production <i>TryStatement</i> : try Block Catch Finally |

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|                 |   |   |   | evaluated as follows:  1. Let C be the parameter that has been passed to this production.  5. Call the SetMutableBinding concrete method of catchEnv passing the Identifier, C, and false as arguments.  A value of the Completion type is bound to B, C and finally used as the 2nd argument of SetMutableBinding. catchEnv is used to evaluate catch Block later. The code in the catch block can access to the Completion type value. |   |  |
| JP              | 12.15   | Syntax  | ed                                      | In Syntax description, "debugger" in the production "DebuggerStatement : debugger ;" is in Italic.   | Change the typeface of the word "debugger" to fixed width font.   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 13.2  | Algorithm   | te                                      | The step 10 is not clear when FormalParameterList is omitted.  | Add "Let <i>names</i> be an empty list if FormalParameterList is omitted."                                  | Accepted as: If no parameters are specified, let <i>names</i> be the empty list. |
| JP              | 13.2.3  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The step 1 is not a part of the algorithm.   | Move it to a usual paragraph.   | Accepted,  |
|                 |   |   |   |  |   | And renumber the steps of the algorithm  |
| Ecma            | 15.1.2.1  | Algorithm<br>step 5                                   | ed                                      | evalCtx should be italic   | 5. Exit the running execution context evalCtx, restoring the previous execution context.                    | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.1.2.2  | First<br>paragraph,<br>last<br>sentence               | ed                                      | Missing "the"  | If $radix$ is 16, the number may also optionally begin with the character pairs $0x$ or $0x$ .              | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.1.2.2  | Algorithm   | te                                      | The step 2 doesn't specify the behaviour when <code>inputString</code> doesn't contain a character that is not a <code>StrWhiteSpaceChar</code> . Example: "", " ", "\t\n", etc.   | Append "Let S be an empty string if <i>inputString</i> does not contain any such character." to the step 2. | Accepted, with some rewordings   |
| JP              | 15.1.2.3  | Algorithm   | te                                      | The step 2 doesn't specify the behaviour when <code>inputString</code> doesn't contain a character that is not a <code>StrWhiteSpaceChar</code> . Example: "", " ", "\t\n", etc.   | Append "Let S be an empty string if <i>inputString</i> does not contain any such character." to the step 2. | Accepted, with some rewordings   |

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| Ecma            | 15.1.3  | Third paragraph                                       | ed                                      | Unnecessary "the"   | where the italicised names represent components and the ":", "/", ";" and "?" are reserved characters used as separators. | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.1.3  | NOTE  | te                                      | The text doesn't refer to the recent RFC for URI, RFC 3986. The text refers to RFC 1738 and RFC 2396 but they are updated and obsoleted by RFC 3986.  |   | Accepted  Add note that this specification is based upon RFC 2396 and not RFC 3986  Also added to note in B.2.1: This encoding does not reflect any changes to RFC 1738 made by RFC 3986. |
| JP              | 15.1.3  | Syntax  | ed                                      | There is no "Syntax" heading before the <i>uri</i> production.  |   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.1.3  | Syntax  | ed                                      | The font of the apostrophe character (') in <i>uriMark</i> is different between 15.1.3 and Annex A.6. It is slanted in Annex A.6 but not in 15.1.3.   |   | Accepted, correct in A.6  |
| JP              | 15.1.3  | Syntax  | te                                      | The characters in <i>uriReserved</i> are the reserved characters in RFC 2396. But reserved characters are updated by RFC 3986.  | Update <i>uriReserved</i> according to RFC 3986 or declare it is based on RFC 2396.                                       | Accepted  Will note based upon 2396. Adoption of 3986 deferred for a future edition as it could cause existing ECMAScript code to fail.   |
| JP              | 15.1.3  | Syntax  | te                                      | The characters in <i>uriUnescaped</i> are the unreserved characters in RFC 2396. But unreserved characters are updated by RFC 3986. (Some unreserved characters, "!", "*", etc, are changed to reserved.) | Update <i>uriUnescaped</i> according to RFC 3986 or declare it is based on RFC 2396.                                      | Accepted Will note based upon 2396. Adoption of 3986 deferred for a future edition as it could cause existing ECMAScript code to fail.  |
| JP              | 15.1.3  | Algorithm 2   | ed                                      | The step 4.d.vii.10.a of the abstract operation Decode  | Change "into a 32-bit value" to "into a value up to   | Accepted  |

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|                 |   |   |   | tests V <= 0x10FFFF. However, the step 4.d.vii.8 tests Octets are valid UTF-8. The valid UTF-8 doesn't have any code points bigger than 0x10FFFF. (RFC 3629) So V <= 0x10FFFF is always true in the step 4.d.vii.10.a.   | 21-bits" in the step 4.d.vii.8, and then remove the step 4.d.vii.10.a.                     |   |
| JP              | 15.1.3.1  |   | te                                      | decodeURI doesn't preserve URI semantics.  For example, decodeURI convert "%25" to "%". So, decodeURI ("http://example.org/%2531") returns "http://example.org/%31". The result refers to a different resource from the argument.  The concept of decoding whole URI is wrong. URI should be decoded for each component.  Note that the new reserved characters in RFC 3986 may cause a similar problem.  So it is very difficult to find a proper use case for decodeURI. | Describe a proper use case for decodeURI or move decodeURI to Annex B.                     | Rejected.  Consideration of potential obsolesce of existing built-in functions is more appropriate to consider in the context of a future edition |
| JP              | 15.1.3.3  |   | te                                      | encodeURI doesn't preserve URI semantics.  For example, encodeURI convert "%" to "%25". So, encodeURI ("http://example.org/%31") returns "http://example.org/%2531". The result refers to a different resource from the argument.  The concept of encoding whole URI is wrong. URI should be composed after components are encoded.  So it is very difficult to find a proper use case for encodeURI.  | Describe a proper use case for encodeURI or move encodeURI to Annex B.                     | Rejected.  Consideration of potential obsolesce of existing built-in functions is more appropriate to consider in the context of a future edition |
| JP              | 15.1.3.3.   | Paragraph   | te                                      | UTF-8 needs up to four bytes for each character.   | Change "one, two or three escape sequences" to "one, two, three or four escape sequences". | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.1.3.4  |   | te                                      | Some characters, "!", "*", etc., are unreserved in RFC 2396 but reserved in RFC 3986. encodeURIComponent   | Update uriUnescaped according to RFC 3986.   | Rejected Changing definition to match   |

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|                 |   |   |   | doesn't escape them because <i>uriUnescaped</i> is defined according to unreserved in RFC 2396.  The characters may break URI structure as a result of that encodeURIComponent embeds them as-is into a URI, which uses them as delimiters. |   | revised RFC deferred to a future edition |
| JP              | 15.1.3.4.   | Paragraph   | te                                      | UTF-8 needs up to four bytes for each character.  | Change "one, two or three escape sequences" to "one, two, three or four escape sequences".  | Accepted                                 |
| Ecma            | 15.2.2.1  | Algorithm step 2.                                     | ed                                      | "Assert" is misspelled as "Asset"   |   | Accepted                                 |
| JP              | 15.2.2.1  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | "Asset:" in the step 2 is a misspelling.  | "Assert:"   | Duplicate                                |
| JP              | 15.2.2.1  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | There's an extra "t" in "obj t to" in the step 4.   | "obj to"  | Accepted                                 |
| Ecma            | 15.2.2.1  | Algorithm step 7.                                     | ed                                      | Missing period at end of sentence.  |   | Accepted                                 |
| Ecma            | 15.2.3.7  | Algorithm steps 5 and 6.                              | te                                      | Steps 5 and 6 poorly describe the technical intent of the algorithm. In particular the reference to <i>P</i> in step 6.a is inadequately related to the use of <i>P</i> in step 5.  | Replace the current text of step 5.c with:  c. Append the pair (a two element List) consisting of <i>P</i> and <i>desc</i> to the end of <i>descriptors</i> .  In step 6, replace the phrase " <i>desc</i> of" with " <i>pair</i> from".  Relabel step 6.a as step c.  Immediately above the relabled step 6.c insert the following new substeps of step 6:  a. Let <i>P</i> be the first element of <i>pair</i> .  b. Let <i>desc</i> be the second element of <i>pair</i> . | Accepted                                 |
| JP              | 15.2.3.9  | Algorithm   | te                                      | It seems that Object.freeze doesn't forbid the  | 4 ***   | Yes, that is intentional.                |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)   | 4                                       | 5  | (6)   | (7)                                       |
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|                 |   |   |   | [[Put]] internal method for accessors.   |   |   |
|                 |   |   |   | Is it intentional?   |   |   |
| Ecma            | 15.2.4.2  | Algorithm<br>all steps                                | te                                      | The algorithm, as originally stated when implemented caused failure of a widely used Web framework. Revision to specification necessary to avoid such failures of deployed web content.  | Renumber existing algorithm steps 1-3 as 3-5 Insert new steps 1 and 2:  1. If the this value is undefined, return "[object Undefined]".  2. If the this value is null, return "[object Null]".  | Accepted                                  |
| Ecma            | 15.3.2.1  | Algorithm<br>steps 5.d.1<br>and 5.e                   | ed                                      | "k'th" should be "k'th"  |   | Accepted                                  |
| JP              | 15.3.2.1  | Algorithm   | te                                      | When there is no parameter, P is an empty string. But the empty string doesn't match to <i>FormalParameterList</i> because <i>FormalParameterList</i> must have one or more identifiers.  Thus, the description in the step 11, "passing P as the <i>FormalParameterList</i> " is not correct. | Change "Return a new Function object created as specified in 13.2 passing <i>P</i> as the <i>FormalParameterList</i> and <i>body</i> as the <i>FunctionBody</i> ." To "Return a new Function object created as specified in 13.2 passing <i>P</i> as the <i>FormalParameterList</i> opt and <i>body</i> as the <i>FunctionBody</i> ." | Accepted                                  |
| Ecma            | 15.3.4.3  | Algorithm steps 5 and 7.                              | te                                      | The validation checks in steps 5 and 7 are inconsistent with other similar generic array usages in the specification. The checks should be deleted   | Delete existing algorithm steps 5 and 7.<br>Renumber previous step 6 as step 5. Renumber<br>previous steps 8-11 as steps 6-9  | Accepted                                  |
| JP              | 15.4.4.3  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The step 1 defines "O" but it is not used. The step 2 uses "array" but it is not defined.  | Change "O" to "array" in the step 1.  | Accepted                                  |
| JP              | 15.4.4.4  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | "n" in the step 5.c.ii is not in Italic.   | Make it Italic.   | Accepted                                  |
| Ecma            | 15.4.4.9  | Algorithm step 7.e                                    | ed                                      | fromPresent should be italic   |   | Accepted                                  |
| JP              | 15.4.4.15   | Paragraph<br>2  | te                                      | The following text is unclear whether the element searched first is $O[fromIndex]$ or $O[fromIndex-1]$ :  "The optional second argument $fromIndex$ defaults to the array's  | Change "The optional second argument <i>fromIndex</i> defaults to the array's length (i.e. the whole array is searched)" to "The optional second argument <i>fromIndex</i> defaults to the array's length minus one (i.e.   | Accepted  This is really a ed item as the |

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|                 |   |   |   | length (i.e. the whole array is searched)."  | the whole array is searched)".  And, change the step 5 to "If argument <i>fromIndex</i> was passed let <i>n</i> be ToInteger( <i>fromIndex</i> ); else let <i>n</i> be <i>len-1</i> ".   | algorithm produces the same result regardless of whether or not step 5 is changed. |
| JP              | 15.4.4.15   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | "Comparision" in "the Strict Equality Comparision" in the step 8.b.ii is a misspelling.  | "the Strict Equality Comparison"   | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.4.4.18   | Algorithm step 8.                                     | te                                      | The return value is missing from step 8. It should be the undefined value  | 8. Return undefined.   | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.4.4.21   | Paragraph<br>4  | ed, te                                  | Cut/paste error results in reference to "filter" instead of the name of the current function.  | In the last sentence of paragraph 4 replace "filter" with "reduce"   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.4.4.21   | Paragraph<br>4  | ed                                      | The following text describes "filter" method in the clause of "reduce" method: "elements that are deleted after the call to filter begins and before being visited are not visited".                                     | Change "filter" to "reduce".   | Duplicate  |
| JP              | 15.4.4.21   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | "ToUint32(lenValue)" in the step 3 seems to have an extra space after "lenValue".  | Remove the extra space.  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.4.4.22   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | "ToUint32(lenValue)" in the step 3 seems to have an extra space after "lenValue".  | Remove the extra space.  | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.4.4.22   | Algorithm<br>step 9.c.ii                              | te                                      | Callbackfn is called with <b>null</b> as the <b>this</b> value. All other similar functions pass <b>undefined</b> as the <b>this</b> value.  | Replace <b>null</b> with <b>undefined</b> :  ii. Let accumulator be the result of calling the [[Call]] internal method of callbackfn with <b>null undefined</b> as the <b>this</b> value and argument list containing accumulator, kValue, k, and O. | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.4.4.22   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | this value for <i>callbackfn</i> call is inconsistent between reduce and reduceRight.  15.4.4.21 step 9.c.ii: "calling the [[Call]] internal method of <i>callbackfn</i> with <b>undefined</b> as the <b>this</b> value" |  | Duplicate  |

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|                 |   |   |   | 15.4.4.22 step 9.c.ii: "calling the [[Call]] internal method of <i>callbackfn</i> with <b>null</b> as the <b>this</b> value"  |   |   |
| Ecma            | 15.4.4.22   | Paragraph<br>2  | ed                                      | Incorrect font and emphasis for references to previousValue, currentIndex and currentValue.   | Correct as shown:  callbackfn is called with four arguments: the previous Value (or value from the previous call to callbackfn), the currentValue (value of the current element), the currentIndex, and the object being traversed. The first time the function is called, the previous Value and currentValue can be one of two values. If an initialValue was provided in the call to reduceRight, then previous Value will be equal to initialValue and currentValue will be equal to the last value in the array. If no initialValue was provided, then previous Value will be equal to the last value in the array and currentValue will be equal to the second-to-last value. It is a TypeError if the array contains no elements and initialValue is not provided. | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 15.4.4.22   | Paragraph<br>4  | ed, te                                  | Cut/paste error results in reference to "filter" instead of the name of the current function.   | In the last sentence of paragraph 4 replace "filter" with "reduceRight"   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.4.4.22   | Paragraph<br>4  | ed                                      | The following text describes "filter" method in the clause of "reduceRight" method: "elements that are deleted after the call to filter begins and before being visited are not visited". | Change "filter" to "reduceRight".   | Duplicate                                       |
| JP              | 15.4.5.1  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The step 3.b, "Let newLenDesc be a copy of Desc" seems to have extra spaces before "newLenDesc" and "copy".   |   | Rejected, they aren't there in the actual text. |
| Ecma            | 15.4.5.1  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | There are two periods at the end of the sentence.   | Remove extra period   | Accepted  |

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|                 |   | step 3.k  |   |   |   |                                |
| Ecma            | 15.4.5.1  | Algorithm<br>step3 3.l.ii<br>and 3.l.iii              | te                                      | Boolean sense of variable name is incorrect resulting in incorrectly inverted test  | In both steps replace <i>cannotDelete</i> with <i>deleteSucceeded</i> . In step 3.1.iii replace <b>true</b> with <b>false</b>   | Accepted                       |
| JP              | 15.5.4.7  | Paragraph<br>1  | ed                                      | "-1" should be a single word; line break should be prohibited in between.   |   | Accepted                       |
| Ecma            | 15.5.4.7  | Algorithm step 8.                                     | ed                                      | The step number is in the wrong font. (should be Times New Roman rather than Arial)   | Change font of "8." To Times New Roman  | Accepted                       |
| JP              | 15.5.4.7  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The font of the step number "8" is wrong.   |   | Duplicate                      |
| JP              | 15.5.4.7  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | In the description of the step 8, there seems to be an extra ")" character.   |   | Accepted                       |
| JP              | 15.5.4.8  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | "-1" should be a single word; line break should be prohibited in between.   |   | Accepted                       |
| JP              | 15.5.4.9  | Paragraph 3, 5  | te                                      | The description "Furthermore, localeCompare returns 0 or -0 when comparing two Strings that are considered canonically equivalent by the Unicode standard" and "If no language-sensitive comparison at all is available from the host environment, this function may perform a bitwise comparison" seems contradictory. | It will be desirable to drop the former description because NOTE 2 says the same thing.   | Accepted  Drop the para 3 text |
| Ecma            | 15.5.4.12   | Algorithm<br>step 5                                   | ed                                      | Two occurrences of regexp should be italic  | 5. Search the value <i>string</i> from its beginning for an occurrence of the regular expression pattern <i>rx</i> . Let <i>result</i> be a Number indicating the offset within <i>string</i> where the pattern matched, or -1 if there was no match. The lastIndex and global properties of <i>regexp</i> are ignored when performing the search. The lastIndex property of <i>regexp</i> is left unchanged. | Accepted                       |
| JP              | 15.5.4.13   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | In the step 6, "max(len + intStart,0)" has an extra space   |   | Accepted                       |

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|                 |   |   |   | before "intStart".  |  |   |
| JP              | 15.5.4.14   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | " $A$ .length" in step 13.c.iii.7.d should be " $lengthA$ ".  |  | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 15.5.5.2  | First<br>paragraph                                    | te, ed                                  | Text should not imply that array index restrictions apply to the individual character properties of String Objects.   | Update as indicated by red markup: String objects use a variation of the [[GetOwnProperty]] internal method used for other native ECMAScript objects (8.12.1). This special internal method is used to add access for specify the array index named properties corresponding to individual characters of String objects. | Accepted, as This special internal method provides access to named properties corresponding to the individual characters of String objects. |
| Ecma            | 15.5.5.2  | Algorithm steps 3 & 5                                 | te                                      | Steps 3 and 5 are imposing array index (Uint32) restrictions upon individual character properties. However, such indices only require integer restrictions. | Replace step 3 with:  3. If ToString(abs(ToInteger(P))) is not the same value as P, return <b>undefined</b> .  Update step 5 as indicated in red:  5. Let <i>index</i> be ToUint32 ToInteger(P).   | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 15.7.3  | Second<br>paragraph,<br>first word                    | ed                                      | Should be "properties" rather than "property"   |  | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 15.7.4.2  | Second<br>paragraph,<br>first<br>sentence             | ed                                      | "RangeError" should have bold font emphasis   |  | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.7.4.5  | Algorithm   | ed                                      | "a" in "Let a be" in the step 8.c.iii is not in Italic.   |  | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | 15.7.4.6  | Second<br>paragraph,<br>first<br>sentence             | ed                                      | The word "decimal" is misspelled as "decmal"  |  | Accepted  |

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| JP              | 15.7.4.6  | Paragraph<br>1  | ed                                      | "decmal" in "decmal exponential notation" is a misspelling.  | "decimal"  | Duplicate   |
| Ecma            | 15.8.2  | First NOTE paragraph                                  | ed                                      | tan function is missing from list of functions in first sentence   | Remove word "and" from between "sin" and "sqrt". Add a comma immediately after "sqrt" followed by the text "and tan" | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.9.1.1  | Paragraph<br>2  | te                                      | Leap seconds should be permitted. The description "In time values leap seconds are ignored" forbids an implementation of ECMAScript with leap seconds. But it is difficult to implement Date if the host environment provides leap seconds. The popular timezone database, Olson's tzdata, provides leap seconds and it is used by various platforms including GNU/Linux, BSDs and Solaris. If a system is configured to use leap seconds, an application (ECMAScript implementation) on the system is difficult to ignore leap seconds. |  | Rejected  TC39 discussed this and other time representation issue and chose to not make any changes in this edition to the fundamental definition of an ECMAScript time value. This may be reconsidered in future editions.   |
| JP              | 15.9.1.1  | Paragraph<br>2  | ed                                      | ECMAScript Number values can represent 9007199254740992 exactly.   | Change "-9,007,199,254,740,991 to 9,007,199,254,740,991" to "-9,007,199,254,740,992 to 9,007,199,254,740,992".       | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.9.1.8  | Item (3)  | ed                                      | "WeekDay(TimeFromYear(YearFromTime(t))" in (3) lacks the last closing parenthesis.   | Add a closing parenthesis.   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.9.1.9  | Paragraph   | te                                      | UTC(t) cannot work well when t is ambiguous.  For example, UTC(1289122200000) in Los Angeles (PST8PDT) is ambiguous. 1289122200000 is 2010-11-07 01:30:00. 2010-11-07 01:30:00 PST and 2010-11-07 01:30:00 PDT are both valid. They are 2010-11-07 09:30:00 UTC and 2010-11-07 08:30:00 UTC respectively. The argument of UTC(t) doesn't have enough information to choose one of them.  Actually, UTC(t) returns the former.  | Add the following note: "NOTE: When UTC(t) is ambiguous, it returns a standard time".                                | Rejected – Deferred.  TC39 is aware that there is significant issues relating to daylight savings time in 15.9.1.8 and 15.9.1.9 but was not able to reach consensus for this edition on an appropriate remediation. Instead, the decision was made to maintain the status |

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|                 |   |   |   |  |   | quo for this edition. |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.12   | Algorithm step 7                                      | ed                                      | Delete extra right parenthesis in step 7 immediately following "mn"  |   | Accepted              |
| JP              | 15.9.1.12   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | There is an extra closing parenthesis after " $mn$ " in "YearFromTime( $t$ ) == $ym$ and MonthFromTime( $t$ ) == $mn$ )".                                    | Remove the extra parenthesis.   | Duplicate             |
| JP              | 15.9.1.15   | Table   | ed                                      | The definition of YYYY doesn't specify explicitly how to format the years less than four digits. It should add leading zeros to make the format four digits. | Change "the decimal digits of the year in the Gregorian calendar" to "the decimal digits of the year 0000 to 9999 in the Gregorian calendar".           | Accepted              |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | The table of field definitions, second line           | ed                                      | "hyphen" is misspelled as "hyphon"   |   | Accepted              |
| JP              | 15.9.1.15   | Table   | ed                                      | ":" in the definition of "-" seems wrong.  And "hyphon" is a misspelling of "hyphen".  | Change ":" (hyphon) appears literally twice in the string" to ""-" (hyphen) appears literally twice in the string".                                     | Accepted              |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | The table of field definitions, line for HH           | te                                      | The valid field range is not specified   | Add "from 00 to 24" to the end of the definition:  is the number of complete hours that have passed since midnight as two decimal digits from 00 to 24. | Accepted              |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | The table of field definitions, line for mm           | te                                      | The valid field range is not specified   | Add "from 00 to 59" to the end of the definition: is the number of complete minutes since the start of the hour as two decimal digits from 00 to 59.    | Accepted              |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | The table of field definitions, line for ss           | te                                      | The valid field range is not specified   | Add "from 00 to 59" to the end of the definition:  is the number of complete seconds since the start of the minute as two decimal digits from 00 to 59. | Accepted              |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | The table of field                                    | ed                                      | The sentence "Both themay be omitted" may be misleading. Other fields also may be omitted but are not  | Delete the sentence.  | Accepted              |

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|                 |   | definitions   |   | explicitly called out in this manner. There is no reason to distinguish the two fields mentioned in the sentence.  |   |  |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | The table of field definitions, line for Z                                    | ed                                      | "hh" should be "HH"  | is the time zone offset specified as "z" (for UTC) or either "+" or "-" followed by a time expression hhhhh: mm   | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | The single sentence paragraph beginning "All numbers"                         | te                                      | The text fails to specify which values to use as defaults for omitted fields.  | Add the following to this paragraph:  If the MM or DD fields are absent "01" is used as the value. If the mm or ss fields are absent "00" is used as the value and the value of an absent sss file is "000". The value of an absent time zone offset is "z".  | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.9.1.15   | Paragraphs immediately preceding and following the three "time-only" formats. | te                                      | The text could be interpreted as allowing a date-time string that consists only of the time portion. However, the value produced when parsing such a string must always include a date. Yet which date to use when the date portion is missing is not specified. Time-only strings were not an intended use case for this format within ECMAScript. The text needs to clarify that the date portion is not optional. | Delete the trailing paragraph and modify the preceding paragraph as indicated in red:  It also includes "date-time" forms that consist of one of the above date-only forms immediately followed by one of the following time which It also includes time only forms with an optional time zone offset appended:  THH:mm THH:mm:ss THH:mm:ss.sss Also included are "date-times" which may be any combination of the above. | Accepted, but added ath "T" separates the date from the time |

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| JP              | 15.9.1.15   | Table   | te                                      | The format is not clear.  For example, the description, "Also included are "date-times" which may be any combination of the above" seems to permit "2010T12:00". "2010" is permitted as the date-only form, YYYY. "T12:00" is permitted as the time-only form, THH:mm. So the combination of them, "2010T12:00" is permitted.  But the meaning of "2010T12:00" is not clear. It doesn't contain month and day. 2010-01-01T12:00 or 12:00 in every day in 2010 or another? | Define the format formally using BNF as follows:  DateFormat ::: Year - Month - Day T Hour : Minute : Second SubSecond Zoneopt Year - Month - Day T Hour : Minute : Second Zoneopt Year - Month - Day T Hour : Minute Zoneopt Year - Month - Day T Hour Zoneopt Year - Month - Day T Hour Zoneopt Year - Month - Day Zoneopt Year - Month Zoneopt Year - Month Zoneopt Year Zoneopt  Year ::: DecimalDigit  Month ::: DecimalDigit DecimalDigit  Hour ::: DecimalDigit DecimalDigit  Minute ::: DecimalDigit DecimalDigit  Second ::: DecimalDigit DecimalDigit | This item largely duplicates the preceding several items. The accepted revisions above define default values for missing fields.  The use of a BNF grammar might be technically preferable but the existing text as modified above is equally precise and adequate for this edition. |

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Date: November 3, 2010

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|                 |   |   |   |  | SubSecond :::  DecimalDigit DecimalDigit DecimalDigit  Zone :::  Z  + Hour : Minute  - Hour : Minute |   |
| JP              | 15.9.1.15   | Paragraph<br>4  | te                                      | What happens when a time-only form is given for Date.parse?  The format permits time-only forms, but the result of Date.parse(time-only-form), such as Date.parse("T12:30"), is not clear.   | Remove time-only forms.  | Duplicate. Time only formats are deleted in response to one of the above items. |
| JP              | 15.9.1.15.1   | Paragraph   | ed                                      | The year range should be 285,426 years.  The ECMAScript Date can represent 9007199254740992[ms] before/after 1970-01-01T00:00:00Z.  The number of days in 400 years is 400 * 365 + 97. (The Gregorian calendar has 97 leap days in 400 years cycle.)  9007199254740.992 / ((400 * 365 + 97) * 24 * 60 * 60) * 400 = 285426.78  It seems that "285,616 years" in the text ignores leap years:  9007199254740.992 / (365 * 24 * 60 * 60) = 285616.41 | Change "285,616 years" to "285,426 years".   | Accepted  |
| JP              | 15.9.1.15.1   | Paragraph   | ed                                      | Several examples make it easier to understand the format.  | Add several examples. For example: -283457-03-21T15:00:59.008Z 283458 B.C.                           | Accepted<br>Add NOTE with examples  |

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|                 |   |   |   |  | -000001-01-01T00:00:00Z 2 B.C.<br>+000000-01-01T00:00:00Z 1 B.C.<br>+000001-01-01T00:00:00Z 1 A.D.<br>+001970-01-01T00:00:00Z 1970 A.D.<br>+002009-12-15T00:00:00Z 2009 A.D.<br>+287396-10-12T08:59:00.992Z 287396 A.D.   |  |
| JP              | 15.9.3.1  | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm uses $UTC(t)$ . So, some ambiguous times, such as 2010-11-07 01:30:00 PDT at Los Angeles, are not generatable.                                   | Add a note about the problem as follows:  "NOTE: Some ambiguous times, such as 2010- 11-07 01:30:00 PDT at Los Angeles, are not generatable because UTC(finalDate) is used."  | Rejected – Deferred. See explanation for related item above.         |
| JP              | 15.9.4.2  | Paragraph   | te                                      | When some components of the date-time are not given, the behaviour of Date.parse is not clear. Additionally, the time zone selection rule should be described. | Describe the behaviour as follows:  If Month is not given, Date.parse interprets it as one.  If Day is not given, Date.parse interprets it as one.  If Hour is not given, Date.parse interprets it as zero.  If Minute is not given, Date.parse interprets it as zero.  If Second is not given, Date.parse interprets it as zero.  If SubSecond is not given, Date.parse interprets it as zero.  If the timezone is not given in the string, it is interpreted as a local time.  If the timezone is Z, the string is interpreted as a UTC.  If the timezone is +hh:mm or -hh:mm, the string is interpreted as the specified time zone.  Note that the above proposal doesn't describe | Duplicate These issues are addressed in the 15.9.1.15 changes above. |

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|                 |   |   |   |  | time-only forms. See the comment about 15.9.1.15.  |  |
| JP              | 15.9.5.28   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm doesn't work well when UTC(t) is ambiguous. Consider the following program with the timezone PST8PDT (Los Angeles):  // 2010-11-07 00:30:00 -07:00 (PDT) dt = new Date(2010,11-1,7,0,30) t = dt.getTime()+3600*1000 dt.setTime(t) // dt is 2010-11-07 01:30:00 -07:00 (PDT) dt.setMilliseconds(500) // dt should be // 2010-11-07 01:30:00.5 -07:00 (PDT) // but actually be 2010-11-07 01:30:00.5 - 08:00 (PST) | Declare setMilliseconds in the same way as setUTCMilliseconds. This is possible because no timezone changes the offset to UTC not by a multiple of a second. | Rejected – Deferred.  See explanation for related ambiguous time item for 15.9.1.9 above.  Also, potential backwards compatibility issues related to this change would need to be studied. |
|                 |   |   |   | This is because the algorithm uses UTC(t) and UTC(t) chooses the PST time, not PDT time. So the time is advanced by 500 milliseconds and 1 hour.   |  |  |
| JP              | 15.9.5.30   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm doesn't work well when UTC(i) is ambiguous. Consider the following program with the timezone PST8PDT (Los Angeles):  // 2010-11-07 00:30:00 -07:00 (PDT) dt = new Date(2010,11-1,7,0,30) t = dt.getTime()+3600*1000 dt.setTime(t) // dt is 2010-11-07 01:30:00 -07:00 (PDT) dt.setSeconds(10) // dt should be // 2010-11-07 01:30:10 -07:00 (PDT) // but actually be 2010-11-07 01:30:10 - 08:00 (PST)           | Declare setSeconds in the same way as setUTCSeconds. This is possible because no timezone changes the offset to UTC not by a multiple of a second.           | Rejected – Deferred.  See explanation for related ambiguous time item for 15.9.1.9 above.  Also, potential backwards compatibility issues related to this change would need to be studied. |
|                 |   |   |   | This is because the algorithm uses UTC(t) and UTC(t) chooses the PST time, not PDT time. So the time is advanced by 10 seconds and 1 hour.   |  |  |

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| JP              | 15.9.5.32   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm doesn't work well when UTC(t) is ambiguous like <code>Date.prototype.setMilliseconds</code> and <code>Date.prototype.setSeconds</code> .  Note that there were historical timezones whose offsets to UTC are not a multiple of a minute. An example is Europe/Lisbon until 1911 in Olson's tzdata. This fact can be ignored because ECMAScript always uses the current timezone rule (15.9.1.8). | Declare setMilliseconds in the same way as setUTCMinutes, or add a note to describe this problem. | Rejected – Deferred.  See explanation for related ambiguous time item for 15.9.1.9 above.  Also, potential backwards compatibility issues related to this change would need to be studied. |
| JP              | 15.9.5.34   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm doesn't work well when UTC(t) is ambiguous like Date.prototype.setMilliseconds and Date.prototype.setSeconds.  Note that there are timezones whose offsets to UTC are not a multiple of an hour. An example is Australia/Adelaide in Olson's tzdata. So setUTCHours is not usable.   | Add a note to describe this problem.  | Rejected – Deferred.  See explanation for related ambiguous time item for 15.9.1.9 above.  |
| JP              | 15.9.5.36   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm uses UTC(t). Therefore, it may cause the problem like Date.prototype.setMilliseconds and Date.prototype.setSeconds.  | Add a note to describe the problem.   | Rejected – Deferred. See explanation for related ambiguous time item for 15.9.1.9 above.   |
| JP              | 15.9.5.38   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm uses $\mathrm{UTC}(t)$ . Therefore, it may cause the problem like <code>Date.prototype.setMilliseconds</code> and <code>Date.prototype.setSeconds</code> .   | Add a note to describe the problem.   | Rejected – Deferred. See explanation for related ambiguous time item for 15.9.1.9 above.   |
| JP              | 15.9.5.40   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm uses $UTC(t)$ . Therefore, it may cause the problem like <code>Date.prototype.setMilliseconds</code> and <code>Date.prototype.setSeconds</code> .  | Add a note to describe the problem.   | Rejected – Deferred. See explanation for related ambiguous time item for 15.9.1.9 above.   |
| JP              | 15.10.1   | grammar<br>rule for<br>PatternChar                    | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |   | ("any of" should be "one of")  |

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|                 |   | acter   |   |  |  | PatternCharacter:: SourceCharacter but not one any of:  ^ \$ \ . * + ? ( ) [ ] { } |
| JP              | 15.10.1   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The production of PatternCharacter doesn't start a new line after "::". The symbol in RHS should be placed in a different line from LHS. The production of PatternCharacter in Annex A.7 has the same problem.   | Change  PatternCharacter :: SourceCharacter but not any of:  to  PatternCharacter ::  SourceCharacter but not any of:  | Accepted, in combination with the previous item.                                   |
| JP              | 15.10.1   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The font of the hyphens in the six productions "NonemptyClassRanges:: ClassAtom - ClassAtom ClassRanges", "NonemptyClassRangesNoDash:: ClassAtomNoDash - ClassAtom ClassRanges" and "ClassAtom:: -" in 15.10.1 and Annex A.7 is inconsistent. The hyphens in the production for NonemptyClassRanges and NonemptyClassRangesNoDash in Annex A.7 are longer than the others. |  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.10.1   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The font of "\" in "ClassAtomNoDash :: \ ClassEscape" is not fixed width font such as "\".   |  | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.10.2.1   | Fifth bullet<br>item of<br>second list,<br>last<br>sentence | ed                                      | Incorrect font, emphasis and capitalization for first occurrence of "matcher"  | Update as:  If it can, the mMatcher returns  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.10.2.5   | NOTE 3  | ed                                      | The explanation of /(z) ((a+)?(b+)?(c))*/.exec("zaacbbbcac") describes "because each iteration of the outermost * clears all captured Strings contained in the quantified  | "because each iteration of the outermost * clears all captured Strings contained in the quantified <i>Atom</i> , which in this case includes capture Strings | Accepted   |

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|                 |   |   |   | Atom, which in this case includes capture Strings numbered 2, 3, and 4". But, the quantified Atom also includes the capture String numbered 5.   | numbered 2, 3, 4, and 5".   |                      |
| Ecma            | 15.10.2.6   | Algorithm step 3  | ed                                      | "multiline" should be capitalized  |   | Accepted             |
| JP              | 15.10.2.6   | Algorithm 7   | ed                                      | The character list of the step 3 contains two "A" redundantly.   | The first character, "A", should be "a".  | Accepted             |
| JP              | 15.10.2.7   | Algorithm 1, 2  | ed                                      | "min , max, and" in the step 2 of evaluation rules for "Quantifier:: QuantifierPrefix" and "Quantifier:: QuantifierPrefix?" seem to have an extra space after "min".   |   | Accepted             |
| JP              | 15.10.2.10  | Algorithm   | te                                      | The evaluation rule for "CharacterEscape :: c ControlLetter" returns a code unit, but it should return a character.  The evaluation rules for other choices of CharacterEscape returns a character. The evaluation rule for "AtomEscape :: CharacterEscape" expects CharacterEscape to return a character. | Change "Return the code unit numbered j" to "Return the character whose code unit value is j".  | Accepted             |
| Ecma            | 15.10.2.15  | Second<br>paragraph   | ed                                      | Wrong font and emphasis for grammar symbols  | Should have changes in red:  The production NonemptyClassRanges:  ClassAtom NonemptyClassRangesNoDash evaluates as follows:                   | Accepted             |
| Ecma            | 15.10.2.15  | Paragraph<br>immediately<br>following<br>first<br>algorithm | ed                                      | Wrong font and emphasis for grammar symbols  | Should have changes in red:  The production NonemptyClassRanges :: ClassAtom - ClassAtom ClassRanges evaluates as follows:                    | Accepted             |
| JP              | 15.10.4.1   | Paragraph<br>6  | te                                      | The text describes "The characters / or backslash \ occurring in the pattern shall be escaped in S" but no example is shown for "\" escaped in S. Since "\" is used  | Change "The characters / or backslash \ occurring in the pattern shall be escaped in S" to "The character / occurring in the pattern shall be | Accepted             |

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|                 |   |   |   | to introduce an escape sequence, escaping "\" would break the escape sequence.  | escaped in S".  |  |
|                 |   |   |   | Also, it is inconsistent that the character name of "/" is not given whereas the character name of "\" is given.  |   |  |
| Ecma            | 15.10.6.2   | Algorithm step 4                                      | ed                                      | Extra period at end of sentence should be removed   |   | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.10.6.2   | Algorithm<br>step 9.a.ii                              | ed                                      | "null" is in fixed pitch font it should be bold serif font  |   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.10.6.2   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The variable " $i$ " is advanced by 2 for each iteration of the loop of the step 9. When <code>[[Match]]</code> returned failure, the step 9.c.i increments " $i$ ". The step 9.e also increments " $i$ ". So " $i$ " is incremented twice for each iteration.  The step 18 refer to " $i$ " as "the matched substring (i.e. the portion of $S$ between offset $i$ inclusive and offset $e$ exclusive)". But " $i$ " is changed by the step 9.e after <code>[[Match]]</code> succeeds. So " $i$ " is not the beginning of the matched substring at the step 18. | Remove the step 9.e.  | Accepted  Also, <i>I</i> in step 20 should be <i>i</i> |
| JP              | 15.10.6.2   | Algorithm   | ed                                      | The description "the position of the matched substring" in the step 14 is not clear. It can be interpreted as either the beginning of the matched substring, the end of the matched substring, or etc.  | Change "the position of the matched substring" to " $i$ ". This proposal assumes that the step 9.e is removed as in the previous comment. | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.10.6.3   | Step 1 of algorithm                                   | ed                                      | Incorrect subclass cross reference  | The reference to "15.10.6.3" should be changed to "15.10.6.2"   | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.11.1.1   | Last<br>paragraph                                     | te                                      | If the message argument is undefined, an own property should not be created with empty string value.  | Delete last sentence (beginning, "Otherwise")   | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.11.2.1   | Last<br>paragraph                                     | te                                      | If the message argument is undefined, an own property should not be created with empty string value.  | Delete last sentence (beginning, "Otherwise")   | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.11.4.4   | Algorithm<br>steps 6-8                                | te                                      | Algorithm is buggy and does not deal with all possible value combinations.  | Starting at step 6, the algorithm should be:  | Accepted   |

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|                 |   |   |   |  | <ul> <li>6. If msg is undefined, then let msg be the empty String; else let msg be ToString(msg).</li> <li>7. If msg is undefined, then let msg be the empty String; else let msg be ToString(msg).</li> <li>8. If name is the empty String, return msg.</li> <li>9. If msg is the empty String, return name.</li> <li>10. Return the result of concatenating name, ":", a single space character, and msg.</li> </ul> |  |
| Ecma            | 15.11.6.5   | List of subclause references                          | ed                                      | 15.7.4.8 should not be in the list because it does not use TypeError exception   | Delete "15.7.4.8" from the list  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.11.7.4   | Title   | ed                                      | The word "New" in the section title "New NativeError (message)" is capitalised. The word "New" should not be capitalised.  | "new"  | Accepted   |
| Ecma            | 15.11.7.4   | Last<br>paragraph                                     | te                                      | If the message argument is undefined, an own property should not be created with empty string value.   | Insert word "own" after "message" in "the message property"  Delete last sentence (beginning, "Otherwise")   | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Paragraph   | ed                                      | "test" in "the ECMAScript lexical grammar defines the tokens of an ECMAScript source test" is a typo of "text".  |  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The spacing before JSONStringCharacters in the production "JSONString: "JSONStringCharactersopt" seems different between 15.12.1.1 and Annex A.8. 15.12.1.1 has less spacing and Annex A.8 has more spacing. |  | Accepted   |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Grammar productions                                   | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |  | (delete descriptive words before terminal symbols, add "one of", and format "thru" as meta grammar text)  JSONStringCharacter :: |

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|                 |   |   |   |   |   | SourceCharacter but not one of double- quote " or backslash \ or U+0000 thru U+001F \ JSONEscapeSequenc e                    |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | te                                      | JSONStringCharacter doesn't include U+0009(TAB). The major JSON.parse implementations (json2.js and Opera, IE8, Firefox, Chrome v8) had allowed U+0009(TAB) in JSONString.  But if new implementations (BESEN) are going to start disallowing U+0009(TAB), compatibility of existing JSON data can be a problem.  | <ol> <li>Clarify to either of the followings:</li> <li>Include U+0009(TAB) into<br/>JSONStringCharacter, or</li> <li>Add an explicit comment something like<br/>TAB is not allowed in JSONStringCharacter.</li> </ol> | Reject 15.12 already explains that this grammar conforms to RFC 4627 and that it may not be extended (for use by JSON.parse) |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | te                                      | JSONStringCharacter excludes only C0 controls (U+0000 through U+001F). However, we believe that it should also exclude DEL and C1 controls (U+007F through U+009F).  FYI: "RFC 2616: Hypertext Transfer Protocol HTTP/1.1"  CTL = <any (127)="" (octets="" -="" 0="" 31)="" and="" character="" control="" del="" us-ascii=""> LWS = [CRLF] 1*( SP   HT ) TEXT = <any but="" ctls,="" except="" including="" lws="" octet=""></any></any> | JSONStringCharacter::  SourceCharacter except double-quote " or backslash \ or U+0000 through U+001F or U+007F through U+009F but include WhiteSpace \ JSONEscapeSequence   | Reject This specification uses the JSON grammar defined by RFC 4627  |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | te                                      | It is desirable that JSONWhiteSpace includes Byte Order Mark (BOM).  BOM is generated by certain editors such as Windows Notepad. So adding BOM to JSONWhiteSpace makes us possible to edit JSON files in various editors.  | Add <bom> to JSONWhiteSpace.</bom>  | Reject This specification uses the JSON grammar defined by RFC 4627  |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | te                                      | JSONStringCharacter doesn't exclude Unicode line  |   | Yes,   |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)   | 4                                       | 5   | (6)   | (7)   |
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| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1) | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB  | Proposed change by the MB   | Editor's Disposition  |
|                 |   |   |   | separator U+2028 and Unicode paragraph separator U+2029. They are excluded from <i>DoubleStringCharacter</i> ( <i>DoubleStringCharacter</i> excludes <i>LineTerminator</i> from <i>SourceCharacter</i> and <i>LineTerminator</i> contains them). So, JSON is not a subset of ECMAScript here.  If a JSON text which contains them is evaluated as ECMAScript, it causes an error.  Is it intentional? |   | Reject This specification uses the JSON grammar defined by RFC 4627 |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | te                                      | JSON should have comment syntax.  A comment syntax in data exchange format is useful to annotate data. Other formats, such as XML and YAML, have their comment syntax. Assume a configuration file is written in JSON. The comment syntax is useful for explanation in the configuration file.  | Add MultiLineComment and JSONSingleLineComment to JSONWhiteSpace. JSONSingleLineComment can be defined as follows:  JSONSingleLineComment :: // JSONSingleLineCommentCharsopt  JSONSingleLineCommentChar JSONSingleLineCommentChar JSONSingleLineCommentChar: SONSingleLineCommentChar:: SourceCharacter but not <cr> or <lf></lf></cr> | Reject This specification uses the JSON grammar defined by RFC 4627 |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The production for <i>JSONStringCharacter</i> in 15.12.1.1 and Annex A.8.1 uses the word "thru".  Is there a reason not to use "through"?   |   | Accepted  Replace "thru" with "through"                             |
| JP              | 15.12.1.2   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The production for JSONArray contains too wide spaces between "[" and "]".  |   | Accepted  It's a right-justification problem.                       |
| JP              | 15.12.3   | Algorithm   | te                                      | The algorithm doesn't test that <i>space</i> contains white space characters only, when Type( <i>space</i> ) is String. Is it intentional?  |   | Rejected<br>Yes, this is intentional                                |

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<sup>2</sup> **Type of comment: ge** = general **te** = technical **ed** = editorial

Date: November 3, 2010

| 1               | 2   | (3)  | 4                                       | 5  | (6)   | (7)   |
|-----------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1)  | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB   | Proposed change by the MB   | Editor's Disposition  |
| JP              | 9.3.1<br>15.1.3<br>15.12.1.1<br>15.12.1.2               |  | ed                                      | Several nonterminals are not used in RHSs and not declared as goal symbols explicitly.  StringNumericLiteral (9.3.1) uri (15.1.3) JSONWhiteSpace (15.12.1.1) JSONText (15.12.1.2)  |   | Reject, Defer  StringNumericLiteral and JSONText are the goal symbols of specific grammar identified in clause 5. The purpose of JSONWhiteSpace is described in first paragraph of 15.12.1.1. uri is the goal symbol of the grammar in 15.13.  The uri grammar should be listed in clause 5 and arguably the goal symbols of the various grammars should be more explicitly identified. However these are editorial issues that are best dealt with in a future edition |
| Ecma            | Annex A   |  | ed                                      | Annex A is an informative summary of normative grammar rules that occur in the main body of the specification.  There are several transcription errors in this Annex   | Correct Annex A items as indicated below  | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | Annex A   | A.1<br>Grammar<br>rules for<br>UnicodeLett<br>er,<br>UnicodeCo<br>mbiningMar<br>k,<br>UnicodeDigi<br>t,<br>UnicodeCo | ed, te                                  | Grammar rules for UnicodeLetter, UnicodeCombiningMark, UnicodeDigit, UnicodeConnectorPunctuation, and UnicodeEscapeSequence are missing "::"  (this is the same error as described above for subclause 7.6 but transcribed into Annex A.1) | Insert :: immediately after the names UnicodeLetter, UnicodeCombiningMark, UnicodeDigit, UnicodeConnectorPunctuation, and UnicodeEscapeSequence in the last 5 grammar rules in this section. Format consistently with the use of :: in other grammar rules in this section. | Accepted  |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)  | 4                                       | 5   | (6)   | (7)   |
|-----------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1)                          | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB  | Proposed change by the MB   | Editor's Disposition  |
|                 |   | nnectorPun<br>ctuation,<br>and<br>UnicodeEsc<br>apeSequen<br>ce                |   |   |   |   |
| JP              | Annex A.1   | FutureReser<br>vedWord   | ed                                      | The production rule is different from the one in 7.6.1.2.  Whereas Annex A says "or in strict mode code <b>one of</b> ",  FutureReservedWord must also contain words listed above.  However, the literal meaning of the sentence seems not to contain them. | Fix the definition in Annex A according to 7.6.1.2.                                       | Accepted  Make it clear that the strict mode identifiers extend the other list. |
| JP              | Annex A.1   | NumericLit<br>eral   | ed                                      | In the production for <i>NumericLiteral</i> , the font of "NumericLiteral" is not Italic.   |   | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | Annex A   | A.1 between grammar rules for DecimalDigi t and ExponentIn dicator             | Ed, te                                  | The grammar rules for NonZeroDigit and ExponentPart are missing from the Annex.   | Insert the following two rules, each with a "See 7.8.3" reference:  NonZeroDigit:: one of | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | Annex A   | A.1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>RegularExp<br>ressionBac<br>kslashSequ<br>encede | Ed, te                                  | Rules definition is inconsistent with the normative rule in 7.8.5.  | Replace "NonTerminator" with "RegularExpressionNonTerminator"                             | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | Annex A   | A.1  | ed, te                                  | RegularExpressionLiteral is missing as a right-hand-side  | Add "RegularExpressionLiteral" on a new line  | Accepted  |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)   | 4                                       | 5  | (6)   | (7)   |
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| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1)                           | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB   | Proposed change by the MB                                 | Editor's Disposition  |
|                 |   | grammar<br>rule for<br><i>Literal</i>   |   | term   | immediately following the line containing "StringLiteral" |   |
| JP              | Annex A.1   | Literal   | ed                                      | The production for <i>Literal</i> have no <i>RegularExpressionLiteral</i> as an RHS in Annex A.1, but the production for <i>Literal</i> have <i>RegularExpressionLiteral</i> as an RHS in 7.8. |   | Duplicate   |
| JP              | 15.12.1.1   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The production for <i>JSONStringCharacter</i> is different between 15.12.1.1 and Annex A.8.1.  15.12.1.1 : <i>SourceCharacter</i> but not Annex A.8.1: <i>JSONSourceCharacter</i> but not      |   | Duplicate   |
| JP              | Annex A   | A1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>MultiLineNo<br>tAsteriskCh<br>ar                   | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |   | Accepted (delete descriptive words before terminal symbols)  MultiLineNotAsteriskChar:: SourceCharacter but not asterisk *  |
| JP              | Annex A   | A1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>MultiLineNo<br>tForwardSla<br>shOrAsteris<br>kChar | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |   | Accepted (delete descriptive words before terminal symbols, add "one of)  MultiLineNotForwardSlash OrAsteriskChar:: SourceCharacter but not one of forward- slash / or asterisk * |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)  | 4                                       | 5  | (6)                       | (7)  |
|-----------------|---|--|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1)  | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB | Proposed change by the MB | Editor's Disposition   |
| JP              | Annex A   | A1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>DoubleStrin<br>gCharacter | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10        |                           | Accepted (delete descriptive words before terminal symbols, add "one of)  DoubleStringCharacter :: SourceCharacter but not one of double- quote " or backslash \ or LineTerminator \ EscapeSequence LineContinuation |
| JP              | Annex A   | A1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>SingleString<br>Character | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10        |                           | Accepted (delete descriptive words before terminal symbols, add "one of)  SingleStringCharacter::  SourceCharacter but not one of single quote ' or backslash \ or LineTerminator \ EscapeSequence LineContinuation  |
| JP              | Annex A   | A1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>NonEscape<br>Character    | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10        |                           | Accepted ("one of" missing)  NonEscapeCharacter:: SourceCharacter but  |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)   | 4                                       | 5  | (6)                       | (7)  |
|-----------------|---|---|---|--|---------------------------|--|
| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1)           | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB | Proposed change by the MB | Editor's Disposition   |
|                 |   |   |   |  |                           | not one of EscapeCharacter or LineTerminator RegularExpressionBa ckslashSequence RegularExpressionCl ass   |
| JP              | Annex A   | A1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>RegularExp<br>ressionFirst<br>Char | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10        |                           | Accepted Accepted ("one of" missing)  RegularExpressionFirstChar ::  RegularExpressionNo nTerminator but not one of * or \ or / or [ RegularExpressionBa ckslashSequence RegularExpressionCl ass |
| JP              | Annex A   | A7<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>PatternChar<br>acter               | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10        |                           | Accepted ("any of" should be "one of" and unnecessary ":")  PatternCharacter :: SourceCharacter but not any one of:  |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)   | 4                                       | 5  | (6)  | (7)                                     |
|-----------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1)   | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB   | Proposed change by the MB                            | Editor's Disposition                    |
|                 |   |   |   |  |  | ] { }                                   |
| JP              | Annex A.1   | StringLiteral   | ed                                      | The font of double quotes (") and single quotes (') in the production for <i>StringLiteral</i> is different between 7.8.4 and Annex A.1.   |  | Accepted                                |
|                 |   |   |   | The quotes in Annex A.1 are thinner.   |  |   |
| JP              | Annex A.2   |   | ed                                      | There is no <i>NonZeroDigit</i> production defined in 7.8.3.   |  | Duplicate, This is actually an A.1 item |
|                 | Annex A.3   | ArrayLitera l ElementList Elision                       | ed                                      | The font of comma in the production "ArrayLiteral: [ ElementList, Elisionopt]", "ElementList: ElementList, Elisionopt AssignmentExpression", "Elision:," and "Elision: Elision," are different from the comma in the production for Punctuator in Annex A.1. |  | Accepted                                |
| JP              | Annex A.3   | ObjectLiteral   | ed                                      | The font of comma in the production "ObjectLiteral: {     PropertyNameAndValueList, }" and     "PropertyNameAndValueList: PropertyNameAndValueList,     PropertyAssignment" are different from the comma in the production for Punctuator in Annex A.1.      |  | Accepted                                |
| pa<br>(JP?)     | Annex A.3   | MemberExpr<br>ession                                    | ed                                      | The font of "Arguments" in the production "MemberExpression: new MemberExpression Arguments" is not Italic.  |  | Accepted                                |
| JP              | Annex A.7   | Regular<br>Expressions                                  | ed                                      | The font of "\" in the production "ClassAtomNoDash :: \ ClassEscape" seems not fixed width font "\".   |  | Accepted                                |
| Ecma            | Annex A   | A.8.1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>JSONString<br>Character | ed, te                                  | Rules definition is inconsistent with the normative rule in 15.12.1.1  | Replace "JSONSourceCharacter" with "SourceCharacter" | Accepted                                |
| JP              | Annex A.8.1   | JSONString  | ed                                      | JSONStringCharacter refers to JSONSourceCharacter in the   |  | Duplicate                               |

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| 1               | 2   | (3)   | 4                                       | 5  | (6)   | (7)   |
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| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1)   | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB   | Proposed change by the MB   | Editor's Disposition  |
|                 |   | Character   |   | RHS, but JSONSourceCharacter is not defined.   |   |   |
| JP              | Annex A   | A.8.1<br>grammar<br>rule for<br>JSONString<br>Character | ed                                      | See JP comment for 5.1.6 paragraph 10  |   | Accepted (delete descriptive words before terminal symbols, add "one of", and format "thru" as meta grammar text)  JSONStringCharacter ::  SourceCharacter but not one of double- quote " or backslash \ or U+0000 thru  U+001F \ JSONEscapeSequenc e |
| JP              | Annex B.1.2   | Syntax  | ed                                      | The font of "4 5 6 7" in the production "FourToSeven :: one of 4 5 6 7" is not fixed width font. |   | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | Annex C   | Bullet list   | ed, te                                  | Informative text is missing a summary item for a normative requirement.                          | Add as first bullet of the list:  • The identifiers "implements",     "interface", "let", "package",     "private", "protected", "public",     "static", and "yield" are classified     as FutureReservedWord tokens within     strict mode code. (7.6.12). | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | Annex C   | Next to last bullet item                                | ed                                      | Informative text is confusing/misleading and has incomplete clause references.                   | Update bullet items as indicated by the following red insertions and deletions:  An implementation may not extend, beyond that  | Accepted  |

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| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1) | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1) | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB  | Proposed change by the MB  | Editor's Disposition  |
|                 |   |   |   |   | defined in this specification, the associate special meanings within strict mode functions of to properties named caller or arguments of function instances. ECMAScript code may not create or modify properties with these names on function objects that correspond to strict mode functions (10.6, 13.2, 15.3.4.5.3). |   |
| Ecma            | Annex D   | Fifth paragraph                                       | ed                                      | Extra period after ":" following clause number prefix.  | Delete the period  | Accepted  |
| Ecma            | Annex D   | Sixth paragraph                                       | ed                                      | Extra period after ":" following clause number prefix.  | Delete the period  | Accepted  |
| JP              | Bibliography  |   | ed                                      | Referenced documents are not the latest.  ANSI/IEEE Std 754-1985 is referred to but there is 2008 version.  The Unicode Standard Version 3.0 is referred to but there is Version 5.2.  Unicode Technical Report #15: Unicode Normalization Forms seems to refer to 1998 version but there is revision 31 released at 2009-09-03.  It seems that there is a reason to refer to the Unicode Standard Version 3.0, because 7.2 and 7.6 depend on the character categories in Unicode 3.0.  But it is not clear that the other documents are not latest. Is that intentional? |  | Accepted The Unicode V3 reference should remain but it should be ok to change the other two |
| JP              | Bibliography  |   | ed                                      | Several documents referred to in the text are not listed.   | Add the following references:  ISO 8601 Data elements and interchange formats – Information interchange Representation of dates and times  RFC 1738 "Uniform Resource Locators (URL)"  | Accepted  |

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|-----------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1)                            | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1) | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB  | Proposed change by the MB   | Editor's Disposition   |
|                 |  |   |   |   | <ul> <li>RFC 2396 "Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax"</li> <li>RFC 3629 "UTF-8, a transformation format of ISO 10646"</li> <li>RFC 4627 "The application/json Media Type for JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)"</li> </ul> |  |
| JP              | Bibliography   |   | ed                                      | There are several documents which may be good to refer to. e.g. Character Model for the World Wide Web 1.0: Normalization http://www.w3.org/TR/charmod-norm/  |   | Rejected – deferred  It seems premature to list them in the biblio without first considering how to integrate references in the main text.                           |
| JP              | 4.2.1<br>4.3.4<br>11.1.5<br>10.2.1.1<br>10.2.1.1.1<br>10.2.1.1<br>10.2.1.1<br>etc. |   | ed                                      | The specification uses the words "initialise", "initialisation", "initialize", "initialization" and "uninitialized" inconsistently.  Some of occurrences:     initialise: 4.2.1, 4.3.4, etc.     initialisation: 11.1.4, 11.1.5     initialize: 10.2.1.1, 10.2.1.1.1, etc.     initialization: 10.2.1.1     uninitialized: 10.2.1, 10.2.1.1, etc. |   | Accepted  All textual uses should use the British spelling ("s") However, when used as a name to name a specification artefact the American spelling should be used. |
| JP              | 5.2  |   | ed                                      | The word "parameterized" is used in the second paragraph.   | "parameterised"?  | accepted   |
| JP              | 5.2<br>7.8.3<br>8.5<br>9.3.1<br>11.5.1<br>11.5.2<br>etc.                           |   | ed                                      | "non-zero" and "nonzero" are used inconsistently.  "non-zero" in 11.5.1, 11.5.2.  "nonzero" in 5.2, 7.8.3, 8.5, 9.3.1, etc.   |   | Accepted Change uses of "non-zero" to "nonzero"  |
| JP              | 7.1<br>8.6.2   |   | ed                                      | The specification uses the words "summarized" and "summarises" inconsistently.  |   | Accepted Change uses of  |

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| MB <sup>1</sup> | Clause No./<br>Subclause<br>No./<br>Annex<br>(e.g. 3.1)                         | Paragraph/<br>Figure/Table/<br>Note<br>(e.g. Table 1) | Type<br>of<br>com-<br>ment <sup>2</sup> | Comment (justification for change) by the MB   | Proposed change by the MB | Editor's Disposition                            |
|                 |   |   |   | summarized 7.1<br>summarises 8.6.2   |                           | "summarized" to summarised"                     |
| JP              | 4.2.2<br>7.2<br>7.4<br>7.6<br>15.9.4.2<br>15.10.4.1<br>15.12.1.1                |   | ed                                      | The specification uses the words "recognised", "recognize", "recognized" and "unrecognizable" inconsistently.  recognised 7.4, 15.10.4.1 recognize 7.2, 7.2, 7.6 recognizes 4.2.2, 15.12.1.1 unrecognizable 15.9.4.2 |                           | All uses should use the British spelling ("s")  |
| JP              | 9.8.1<br>11.6.3<br>9.8.1<br>11.9.6<br>15.7.4.5<br>15.7.4.6<br>15.7.4.7<br>B.2.2 |   | ed                                      | The specification uses the words "zeros" and "zeroes" inconsistently.  zeros: 9.8.1, 11.6.3  zeroes: 9.8.1, 11.9.6, 15.7.4.5, 15.7.4.6, 15.7.4.7, B.2.2  |                           | Accepted  Replace uses of "zeros" with "zeroes" |
| JP              | 15.7.4.2  | Paragraph 2   | ed                                      | Is the word "generalization" OK? "generalisation"?   |                           | Accepted  |
|                 |   |   |   |  |                           | Replace "generalization"                        |

In addition the editor corrected unreported editorial errors in 7.8.3, 7.9.1, 8.6.2, 8.7.2, 8.10.5, 9.4, 9.6, 9.7, 9.8, 9.11, 10.2.1, 10.4.3, 10.6, 11.5.3, 12.14, 13, 14, 15.1.3, 15.2.2.1, 15.4.4.12, 15.5.4.14, 15.10.2.2, 15.10.2.8, 15.10.2.10, 15.10.2.11, 15.10.6.2, 15.11.6.2, 15.12.2, 15.12.3, B.2.1. These changes are tagged with markup comments.

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