

Bringing SIMD-128 to JavaScript

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What is SIMD?

... and why does it matter?

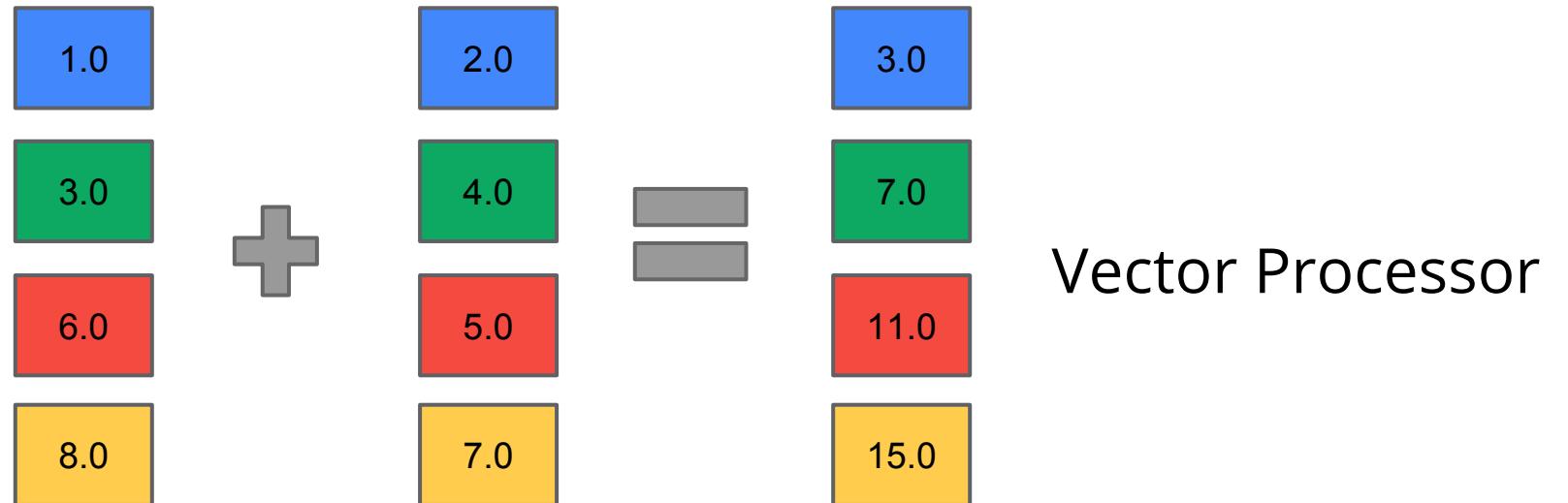
What is SIMD?

Single Instruction Single Data (SISD)

$$1.0 + 2.0 = 3.0$$

What is SIMD?

Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD)

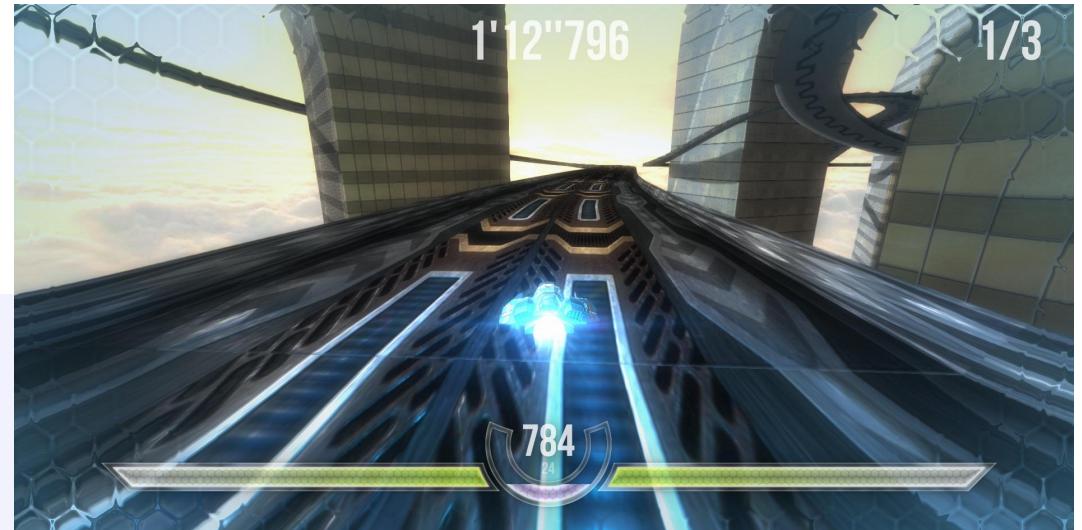
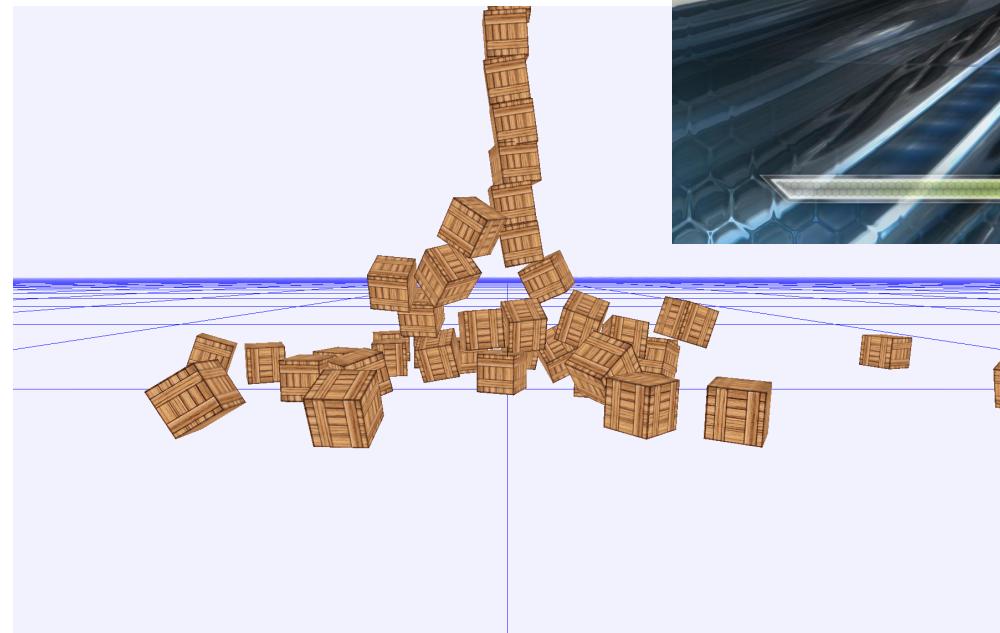


Why does SIMD matter?

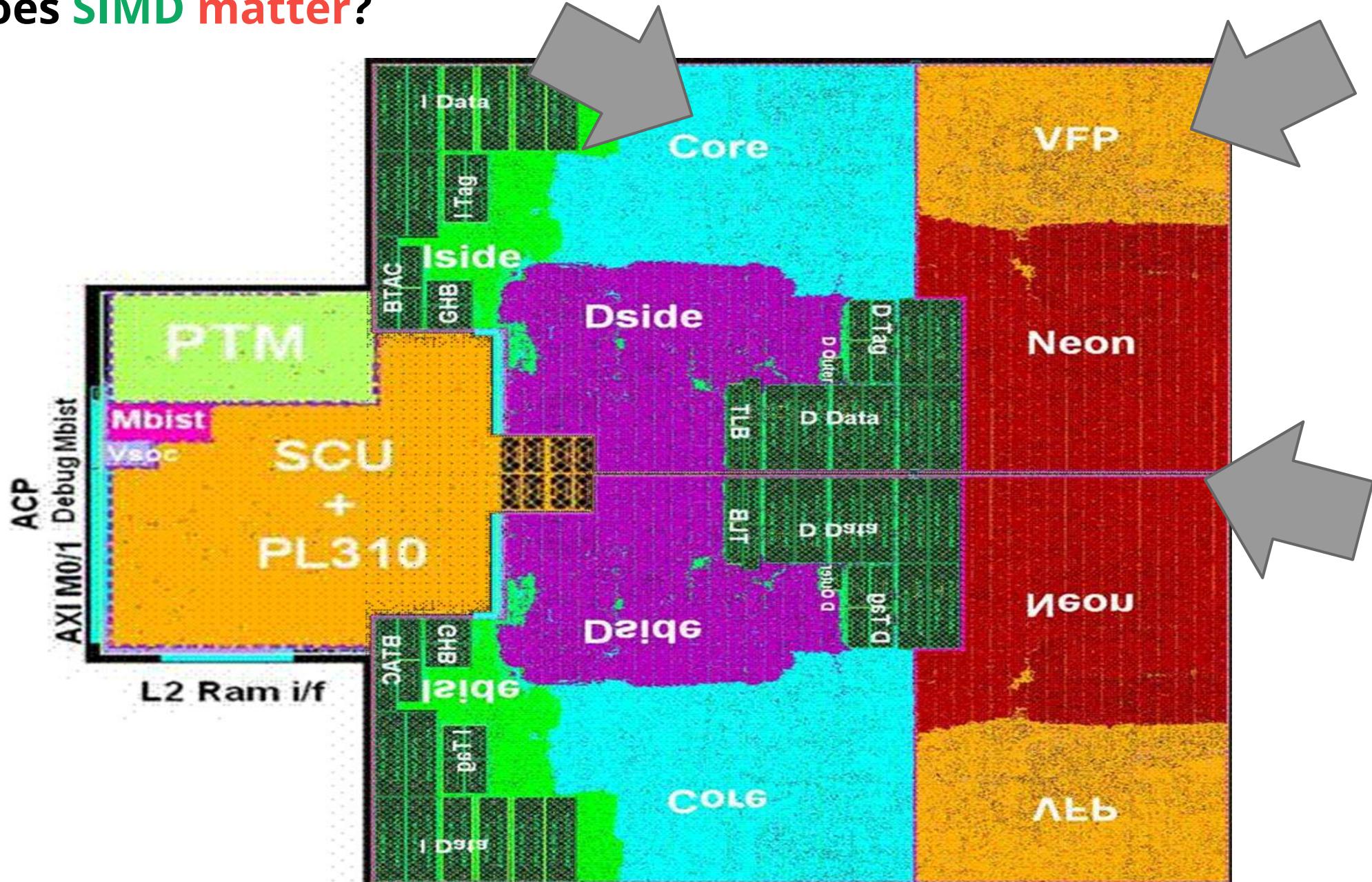
- SIMD can provide substantial speedup to:
 - 3D Graphics
 - 3D Physics
 - Image Processing
 - Signal Processing
 - Numerical Processing
 - Crypto
 - Computer Vision
 - ...

Why does SIMD matter to the web?

- SIMD can provide substantial speedup to:
 - WebGL
 - Canvas
 - Animation
 - Games
 - Physics
 - ASM.js
 - Crypto



Why does SIMD matter?

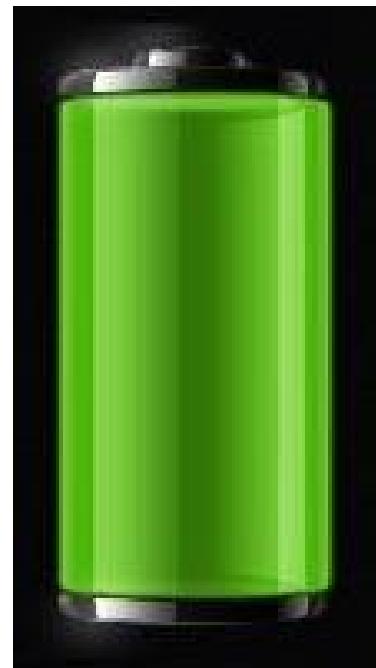


Why does SIMD matter?

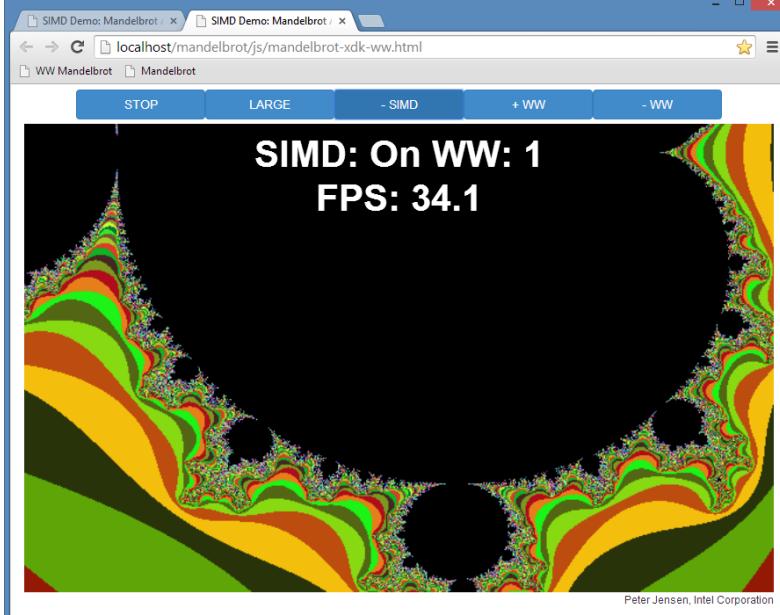
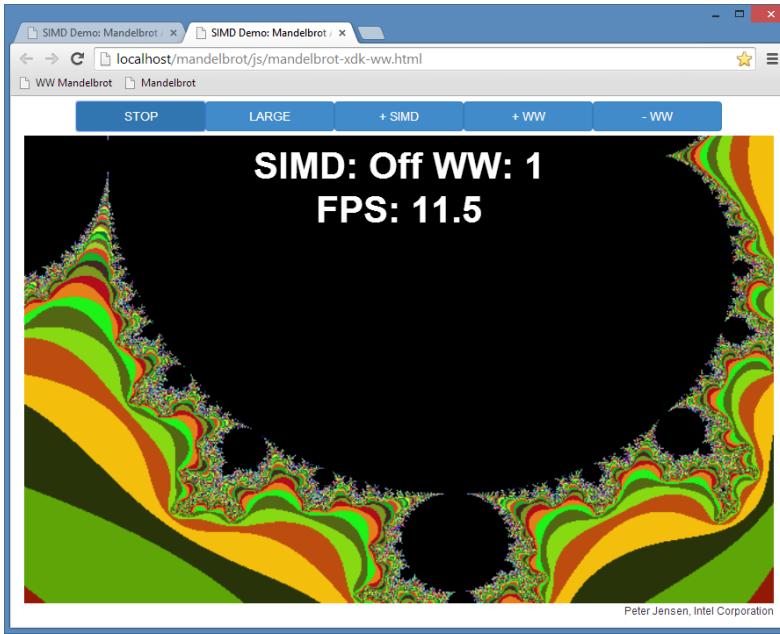
- SIMD requires fewer instructions to be executed
 - Fewer instructions means longer battery life



VS



DEMO: Mandelbrot

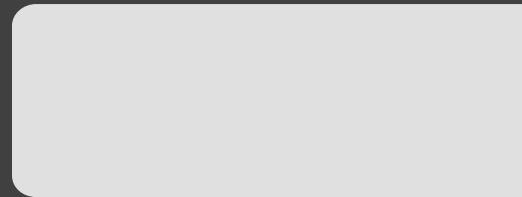


```
// z(i+1) = z(i)^2 + c
// terminate when |z| > 2.0
// returns 4 iteration counts

function mandelx4(c_re4, c_im4) {
    var z_re4 = c_re4;
    var z_im4 = c_im4;
    var four4 = SIMD.float32x4.splat(4.0);
    var two4 = SIMD.float32x4.splat(2.0);
    var count4 = SIMD.int32x4.splat(0);
    var one4 = SIMD.int32x4.splat(1);

    for (var i = 0; i < max_iterations; ++i) {
        var z_re24 = SIMD.float32x4.mul(z_re4, z_re4);
        var z_im24 = SIMD.float32x4.mul(z_im4, z_im4);
        var mi4 = SIMD.float32x4.lessThanOrEqual
            (SIMD.float32x4.add(z_re24, z_im24), four4);
        // if all 4 values are greater than 4.0
        // there's no reason to continue
        if (mi4.signMask === 0x00) {
            break;
        }
        var new_re4 = SIMD.float32x4.sub(z_re24, z_im24);
        var new_im4 = SIMD.float32x4.mul
            (SIMD.float32x4.mul(two4, z_re4), z_im4);
        z_re4 = SIMD.float32x4.add(c_re4, new_re4);
        z_im4 = SIMD.float32x4.add(c_im4, new_im4);
        count4 = SIMD.int32x4.add(count4, SIMD.int32x4.and (mi4,
one4));
    }
    return count4;
}
```

SIMD-128 for EcmaScript



SIMD in JavaScript

- Based on work for Dart Language
 - Landed in Dart VM in Spring of 2013
- Fixed 128-bit vector types as close to the metal while remaining portable
 - SSE
 - NEON
 - Efficient scalar fallback could be implemented
- Scales with other forms of parallelism (e.g. Web Workers)
- Polyfill + benchmarks
 - https://github.com/johnmccutchan/ecmascript_simd

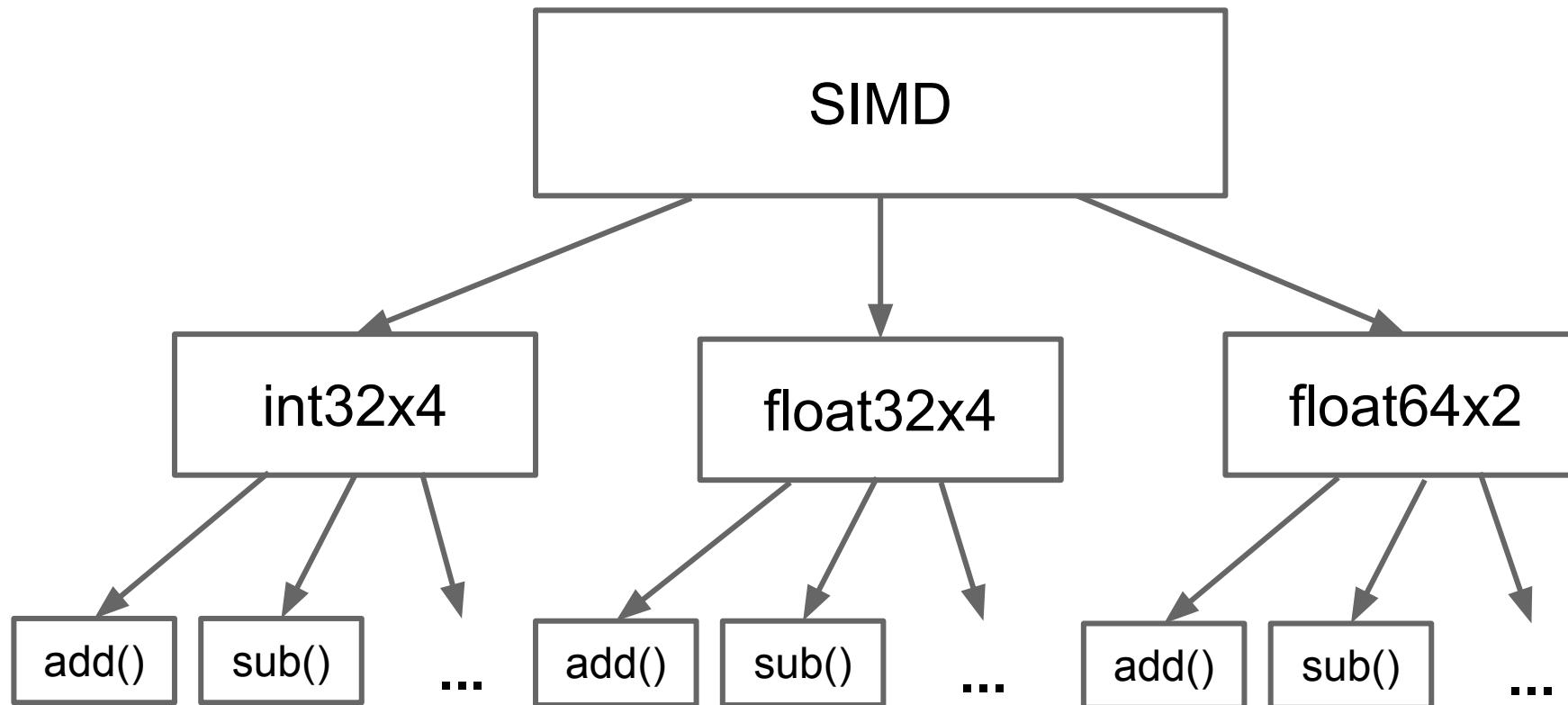
SIMD in JavaScript

1. SIMD module
 - a. New “value” types
 - b. Composable operations
 - i. Arithmetic
 - ii. Logical
 - iii. Comparisons
 - iv. Reordering (shuffling)
 - v. Conversions
2. Extension to Typed Data
 - a. A new array type for each

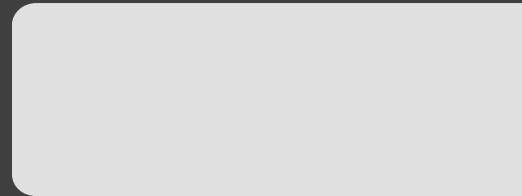
| | |
|------------------|--|
| float32x4 | 4 IEEE-754 32-bit Floating Point Numbers |
| int32x4 | 4 32-bit Signed Integers |
| float64x2 | 2 IEEE-754 64-bit Floating Point Numbers |

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Float32x4Array | Typed Array of float32x4 |
| Int32x4Array | Typed Array of int32x4 |
| Float64x2Array | Typed Array of float64x2 |

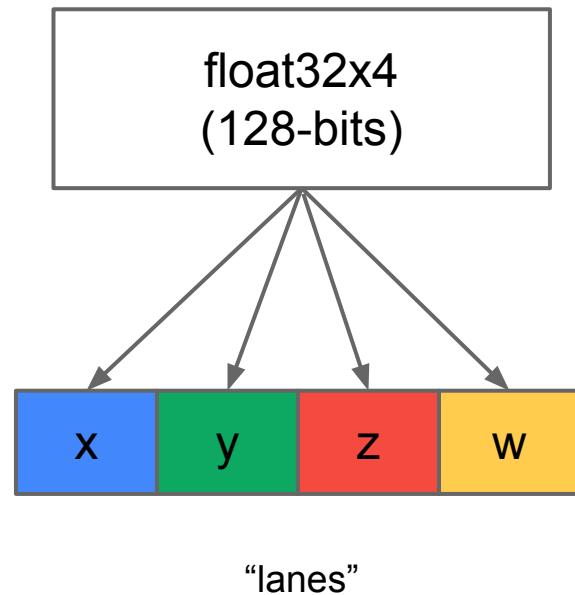
Object Hierarchy



SIMD-128 for EcmaScript Code Snippets

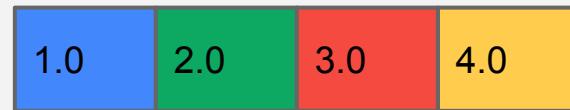


SIMD in JavaScript



Constructing

```
var a = SIMD.float32x4(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);
```

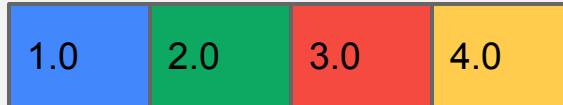


```
var b = SIMD.float32x4.zero();
```



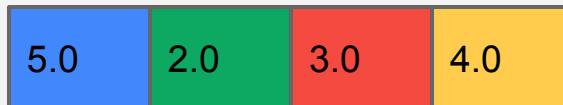
Accessing and Modifying Individual Elements

```
var a = SIMD.float32x4(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);
```



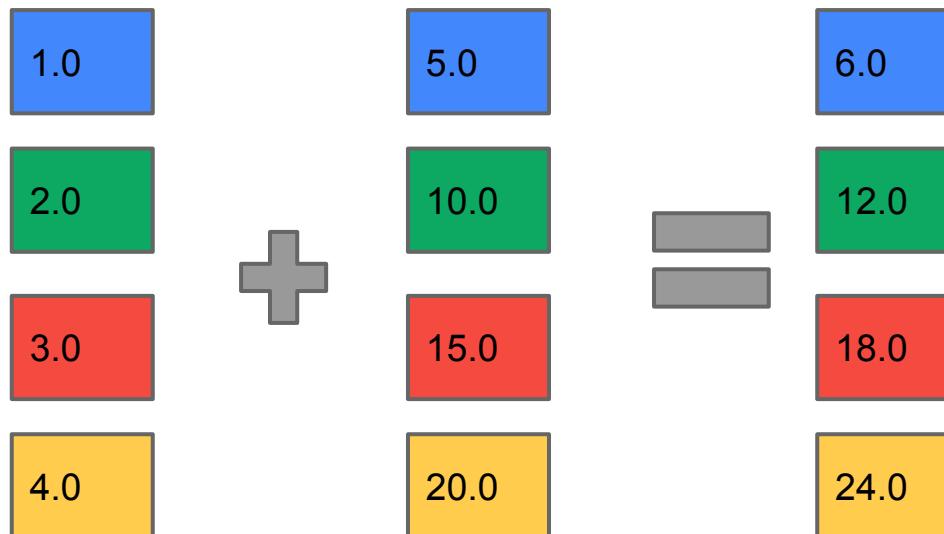
```
var b = a.x; // 1.0
```

```
var c = a.withX(5.0);
```



Arithmetic

```
var a = SIMD.float32x4(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);  
  
var b = SIMD.float32x4(5.0, 10.0, 15.0, 20.0);  
  
var c = SIMD.float32x4.add(a,b);
```

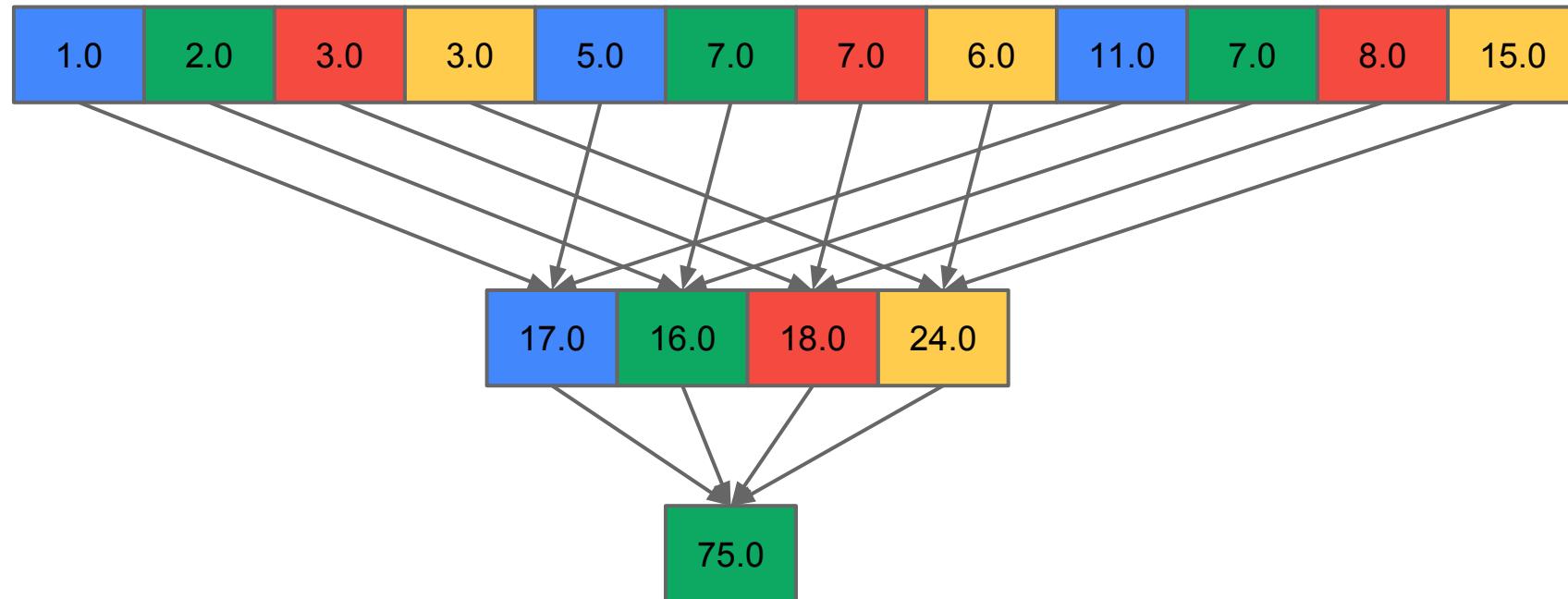


Example

```
function average(list) {  
    var n = list.length;  
    var sum = 0.0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        sum += list[i];  
    }  
    return sum / n;  
}
```

```
function average(f32x4list) {  
    var n = f32x4list.length;  
    var sum = SIMD.float32x4.zero();  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        sum = SIMD.float32x4.add(sum, f32x4list.getAt(i));  
    }  
    var total = sum.x + sum.y + sum.z + sum.w;  
    return total / (n * 4);  
}
```

Example



SIMD in JavaScript

75% fewer loads
75% fewer adds
(+ single precision)



The inner loop

```
sum = SIMD.float32x4.add(sum, float32x4list.getValueAt(i));
```

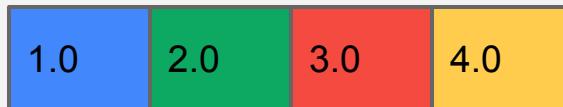
```
; Load list[i]  
0x4ccddce 0f104c3807 movups xmm1,[eax+edi*0x1+0x7]  
;; sum +=  
0x4ccddde 0f59ca addps xmm2,xmm1
```

Load 4 floats

Add 4 floats

Shuffling

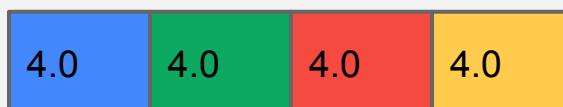
```
var a = SIMD.float32x4(1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0);
```



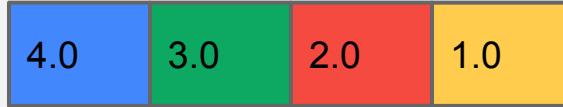
```
var b = SIMD.float32x4.shuffle(a, SIMD.float32x4.XXYY);
```



```
var c = SIMD.float32x4.shuffle(a, SIMD.float32x4.WWWW);
```



```
var d = SIMD.float32x4.shuffle(a, SIMD.float32x4.WZYX);
```



Branching

```
max = function(a, b) {  
  if (a > b) {  
    return a;  
  } else {  
    return b;  
  }  
}  
  
max(4.0, 5.0) -> 5.0
```

Branching

```
max = function(a, b) {  
  if (a > b) {  
    return a;  
  } else {  
    return b;  
  }  
}
```

| | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 |
| 0.0 | 3.0 | 5.0 | 2.0 |

Branching

```
max = function(a, b) {  
    → var greaterThan = SIMD.float32x4.greaterThan(a, b);  
    return SIMD.float32x4.select(a, b, greaterThan);  
}
```

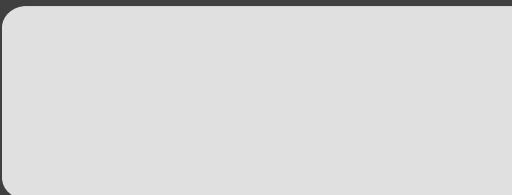


Branching

```
max = function(a, b) {  
    var greaterThan = SIMD.float32x4.greaterThan(a, b);  
    → return SIMD.float32x4.select(a, b, greaterThan);  
}
```



Implementations



How does the VM optimize for SIMD?

1. Unboxing
 - a. Boxed -> allocated in memory
 - b. Unboxed -> in CPU memory (in registers)
2. Replacing method calls with inlined machine instructions
 - a. Allows values to remain unboxed (in registers)
 - b. Avoids method call overhead

Firefox implementation status

- Interpreter support:
 - In Nightly since early 2014. No flags needed
- IonMonkey:
 - Support has been prototyped for x86
 - Missing ARM port of register allocator
 - Ongoing refactoring of a generic register allocator before landing the JIT compiler support
 - Reuse work done for OdinMonkey
- OdinMonkey (for asm.js):
 - Current focus
 - Full x86 support planned for end of August in Nightly

Chrome/V8 implementation status

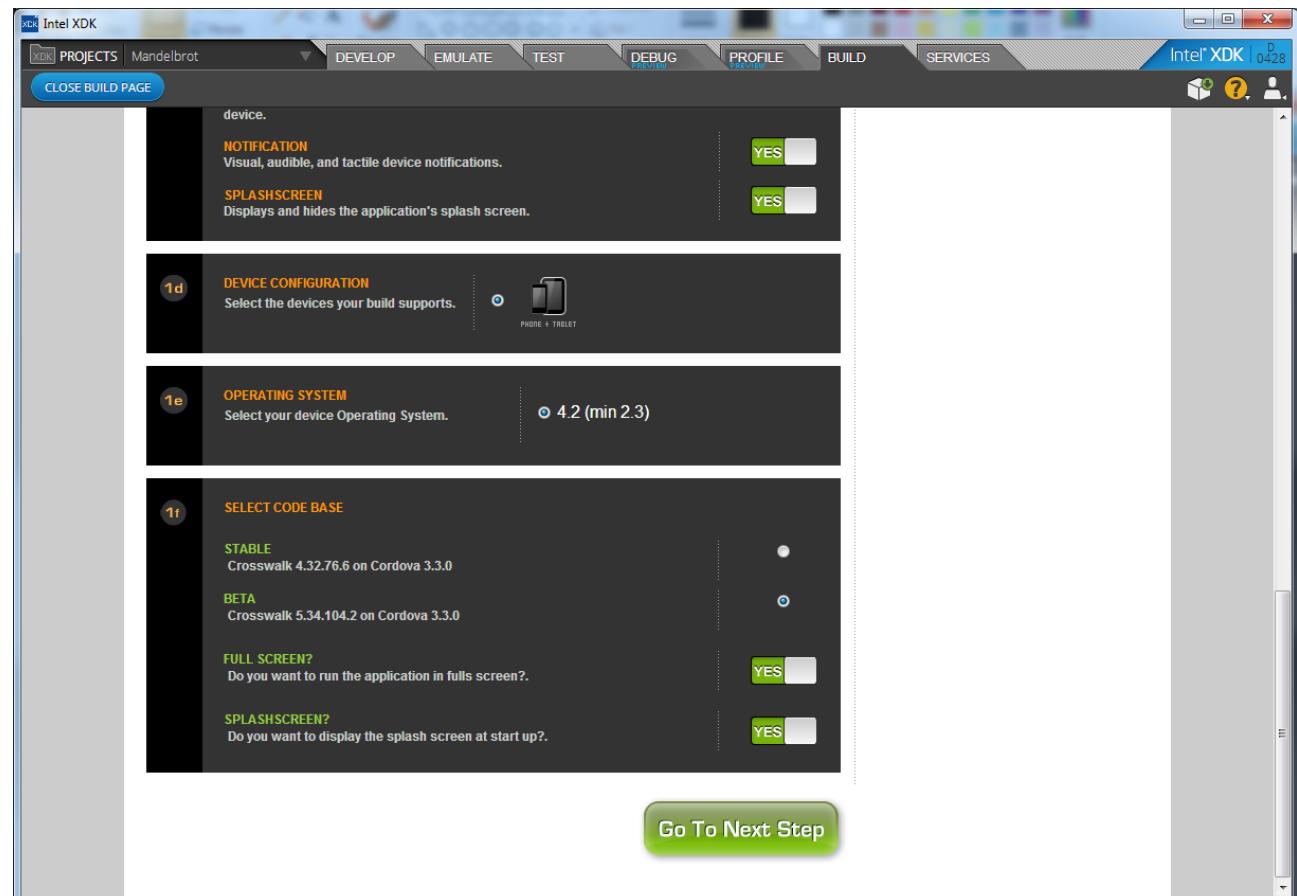
- Code is also hosted in Crosswalk Runtime fork:
 - <https://github.com/crosswalk-project/v8-crosswalk>
- Full implementation for polyfill spec:
 - Optimized implementation for ia32 and x64 (full-codegen and crankshaft)
 - Runtime support for ARM/NEON (full-codegen)
- Patches available for:
 - Chrome 34, 35, 36
 - Rebasing for Chrome 37 in progress

Emscripten implementation status

- Supports both the JS and fastcomp ‘backends’
- Supports SIMD.float32x4 and SIMD.int32x4 operations for LLVM vector types:
 - <4 x i32> and <4 x float> LLVM vector types supported
 - Code generated by Loop Vectorizer and SLP Vectorizer
 - Code generated from use of `ext_vector_type` and `vector_size` attributes
- Supports a few C++ intrinsics:
 - Most of `_mm_<op>_ps` (`_mm_add_ps`, `_mm_sub_ps`, ...)
 - Most of `_mm_<op>_epi32` (`_mm_add_epu32`, `_mm_sub_epu32`, ...)
- No support for x4 arrays, yet

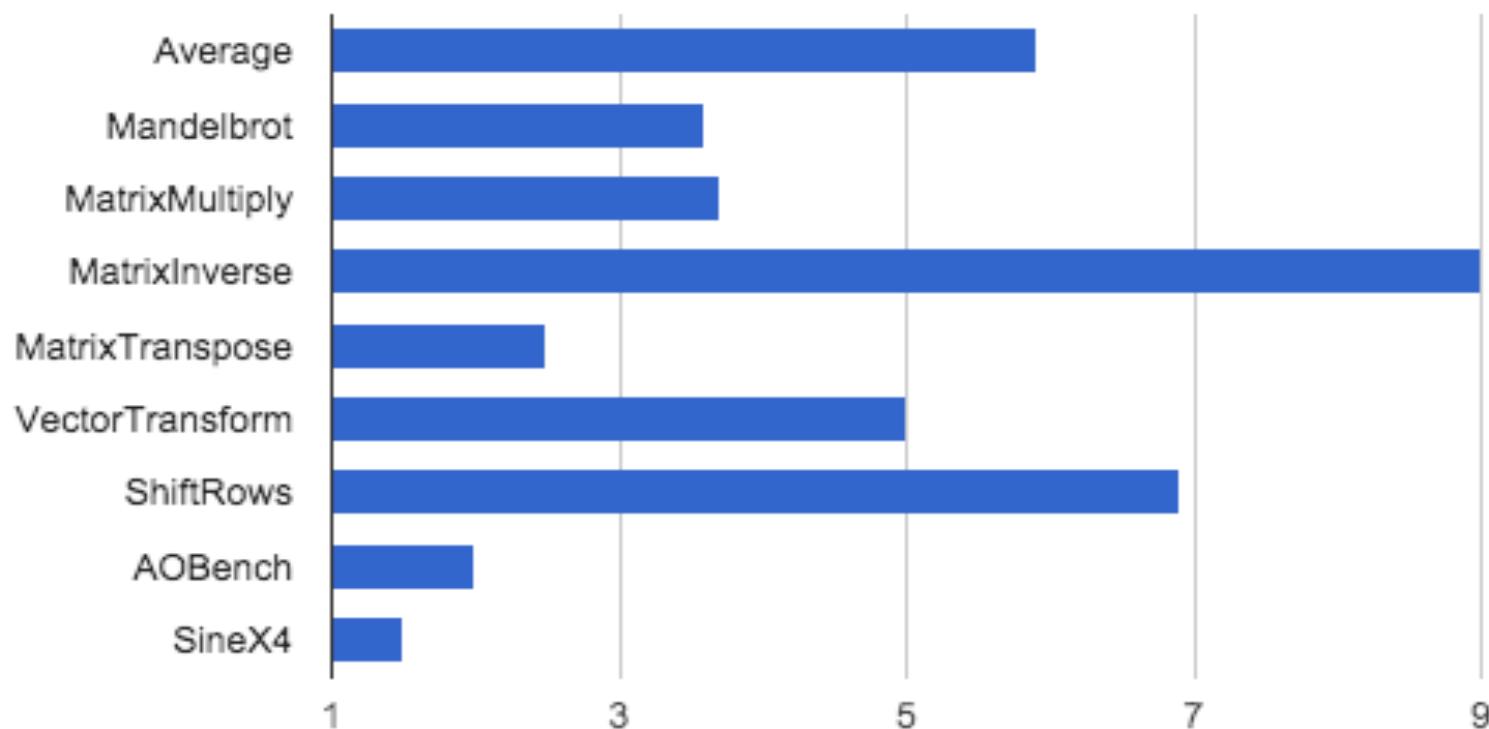
Intel Crosswalk implementation status

- Crosswalk 5,6,7: Full support for polyfill spec
- Crosswalk 8: In progress
- Available via Intel's XDK build feature
- Optimized for ia32 and x64
- Functional for ARM/NEON



V8 SSE Benchmarks (Early 2014)

V8 SSE Benchmark Speedup (Early 2014)

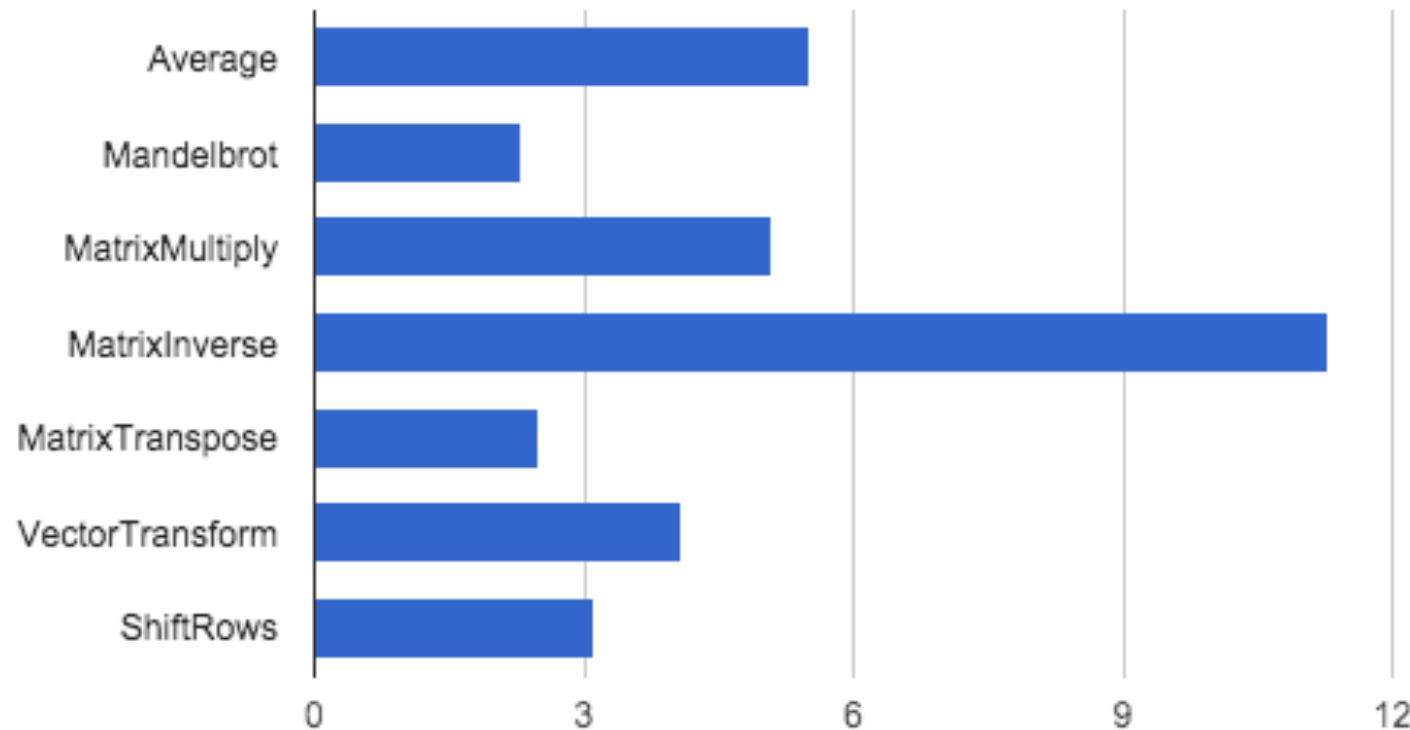


V8 SSE Benchmarks (Early 2014)

| Benchmark | Scalar Time (us) | SIMD Time (us) | Speedup |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------|---------|
| Average | 208 | 35 | 5.9 |
| Mandelbrot | 393167 | 109158 | 3.6 |
| MatrixMultiply | 74 | 20 | 3.7 |
| MatrixInverse | 189 | 21 | 9.0 |
| MatrixTranspose | 1037 | 408 | 2.5 |
| VectorTransform | 30 | 6 | 5 |
| ShiftRows | 6067 | 880 | 6.9 |
| AOBench | 1488 | 736 | 2.0 |
| SineX4 | 9538 | 6568 | 1.5 |

SpiderMonkey SSE Benchmarks (Early 2014)

IonMonkey SSE Benchmarks (Early 2014)

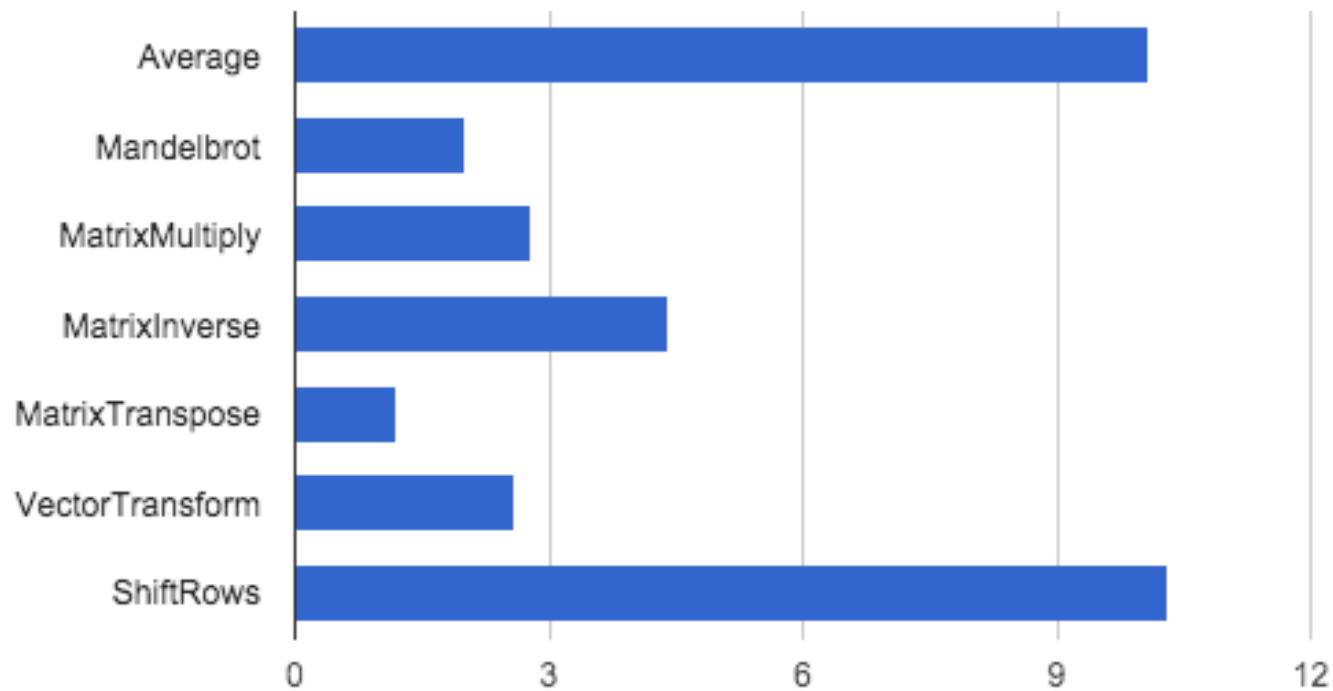


SpiderMonkey SSE Benchmarks (Early 2014)

| Benchmark | Scalar Time (us) | SIMD Time (us) | Speedup |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------|---------|
| Average | 116 | 21 | 5.5 |
| Mandelbrot | 346333 | 152357 | 2.3 |
| MatrixMultiply | 97 | 19 | 5.1 |
| MatrixInverse | 294 | 26 | 11.3 |
| MatrixTranspose | 1237 | 488 | 2.5 |
| VectorTransform | 33 | 8 | 4.1 |
| ShiftRows | 6067 | 1956 | 3.1 |

Dart VM* NEON Benchmarks (Early 2014)

Dart NEON Benchmarks (Early 2014)



Dart VM* NEON Benchmarks (Early 2014)

| Benchmark | Scalar Time (us) | SIMD Time (us) | Speedup |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------|---------|
| Average | 1832 | 180 | 10.1 |
| Mandelbrot | 1806 | 892333 | 2.0 |
| MatrixMultiply | 630 | 224 | 2.8 |
| MatrixInverse | 1506 | 345 | 4.4 |
| MatrixTranspose | 6335 | 5488 | 1.2 |
| VectorTransform | 175 | 67 | 2.6 |
| ShiftRows | 33148 | 3219 | 10.3 |

Why fixed width and not variable width vectors?

- Practicality
 - Stream processing and auto vectorization have limited use cases
 - Variable width vectors cannot efficiently implement
 - Matrix multiplication
 - Matrix inversion
 - Vector transform
 -
- Portable performance
 - 128-bit is the only vector width supported by all architectures

Why fixed width and not variable width vectors (continued)?

- C/C++ code is usually written using intel_mm_intrinsics.
 - JavaScript as a C/C++ compilation target needs fixed width vectors
- Abstraction
 - Stream processors can be built in software on top of SIMD-128
- Observable state will be different for different architectures, e.g., if SIMD.float32xN was introduced, this code:

```
for (var i = 0; i < M; i += SIMD.float32xN.size) {  
    sum = SIMD.float32xN.add(sum, input[i]);  
}
```

would cause bits in memory to be different for different architectures.

SIMD in JavaScript Miscellaneous

- Result of 'typeof':
 - "float32x4", "float64x2", "int32x4"
- Result of SIMD.float32x4(1,2,3,4).toString():
 - "float32x4(1,2,3,4)"
- Implicit type conversions kept to a minimum:
 - $1 + <\text{float32x4}>$:
 - Apply .toString() to $<\text{float32x4}>$ and concatenate
 - SIMD.float32x4.add(1,<float32x4>)
 - TypeError

SIMD in JavaScript Planned Features

- SIMD and value objects/types:
 - float32x4 and friends will be value objects
 - Overloaded operators (+,-,...) will be mapped to SIMD.<type>.<op> equivalents (.add(), .sub(), ...)
- Additional data types (int8x16 and int16x8)
 - Looking at VP9 encode/decode for justification

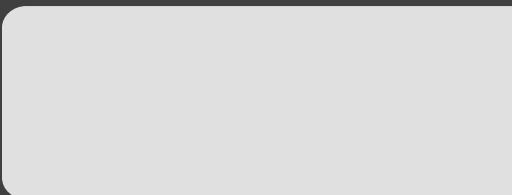
SIMD in JavaScript Planned Features

- Feature detection:
 - Fine grained feature detection
 - Something like: SIMD.optimized.<feature>
 - There are arch differences that will need exposure!
 - Two vector shuffle (Useful for 4x4 matrix transpose)
 - .signmask for NEON
 - Algorithm specific instructions where no overlap/equivalent exists
 - Inlined scalar fallbacks can help minimize performance hit across ISAs

Stage 1 Ready?

- ✓ Identified “champion” who will advance the addition
- ✓ Prose outlining the problem or need and the general shape of a solution
- ✓ Illustrative examples of usage
- ✓ High-level API
- ✓ Discussion of key algorithms, abstractions and semantics
- ✓ Identification of potential “cross-cutting” concerns and implementation challenges/complexity

Wrap up



Wrap Up

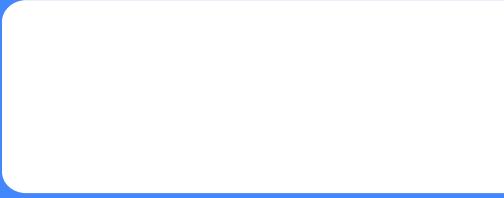
Concrete implementation, accelerating real world algorithms.

- SSE*
 - V8
 - SpiderMonkey
 - Intel's Crosswalk HTML5 runtime
- NEON
 - SpiderMonkey (In progress)
 - Dart VM*

Future Work

- SIMD-256 and SIMD-512 extensions
 - No NEON support
 - ARM64 did not extend vector width
 - Can lower SIMD-256 and SIMD-512 operations on to SIMD-128
 - Relevant for server side
 - Lower priority

Questions!



References

Polyfill repository

https://github.com/johnmccutchan/ecmascript_simd

Published Paper on Dart + JS prototype implementations

John McCutchan, Haitao Feng, Nicholas Matsakis, Zachary Anderson, Peter Jensen (2014) A SIMD Programming Model for Dart, JavaScript, and Other Dynamically Typed Scripting Languages, Proceedings of the 2014 Workshop on Programming models for SIMD/Vector processing

https://sites.google.com/site/wpmvp2014/paper_18.pdf

HTML5 Developer Conference Presentation (May 2014)

<http://peterjensen.github.io/html5-simd/html5-simd.html#/>

Wikipedia

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SIMD>